

THE GETTYSBURG TIMES.

THIRTEENTH YEAR

GETTYSBURG, PA., SATURDAY, JUNE 19th, 1915.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

THE NEW INSIDE--LACE MILITARY BOOT FOR WOMEN

—IS HERE—

Patent Leather--Fawn Cloth Top

Price \$4.50

THE NEWEST OF THE NEW.

Eckert's Store,

"On The Square"

(STORE CLOSSES 5 P. M., EXCEPT SATURDAY)

PHOTOPLAY

THE PHANTOM LIGHT.....TWO REEL BISON
The old chief tells the two young braves that the first that brings back a deer shall have his daughter for a wife.
AN ARRANGEMENT WITH FATE.....LAEMMLE
The artist falls in love with a gypsy girl, but she turns out to be a society girl playing a part.
SIX MONTHS TO LIVE.....REX
Just a newspaper story but an interesting one.
IT HAPPENED ON A FRIDAY.....NESTOR COMEDY
Suitcases are interchanged on a street car and amusing situations follow.
SHOW STARTS 6:30.....ADMISSION 5C TO ALL

WALTER'S THEATRE

TO-NIGHT

OLD ISAACSON'S DIAMONDS

A TWO ACT EPISODE OF THE GIRL DETECTIVE SERIES.
PAUL C. HURST, RUTH ROLAND AND WILLIAM WEST.
A two reel production that is a good one.

FATHE DAILY NEWS.....NO. 43.
AIN'T IT THE TRUTH.....ESSANAY COMEDY
WITH WALLACE BERRY.

SINGLE REEL COMEDY IN ADDITION

COMING MONDAY:—FLORENCE REED IN AN ELABORATE FILM
PRODUCTION OF HENRY ARTHUR JONES' GREAT DRAMATIC
SUCCESS, "THE DANCING GIRL".

Wedding and Graduate ... Gifts ...

In many pretty and useful articles at our store,

CARDS, BOOKLETS and INCLOSURES

to add to the Attractiveness of the

Gift always go with the purchase.

People's -- Drug -- Store

DESTROY POTATO BUGS

—WITH—

Corona Dry Arsenate of Lead

Use 2½ to 3 pounds to 100 gallons of water.

FOR SALE BY

Bigham's Hardware Store

Biglerville, Pa.

BOILED DOWN FACTS

One Dollar invested in a bottle of

Dr. Hudson's Colic Cure

Will pay you as an investment the price of a HORSE annually. SO WHY DELAY?

TOWN PROPERTIES AT PUBLIC SALE

Walter's Theatre, Lincoln Way Hotel, and Garden Auditorium Offered by Assignee of Walters Estate. The Purchasers.

The Lincoln Way Hotel, Walter's Theatre, and the Garden Auditorium were all sold this afternoon by J. L. Williams for the assigned estate of John F. Walter and wife. Amos J. Collins purchased the first two properties and C. Milton Wolf the Garden Auditorium.

The bidding on the Lincoln Way Hotel started at \$7000 and went by \$100 jumps to \$7600 and from there to \$8000 by \$50 bids. Charles S. Duncan, who placed the final bid, announced Mr. Collins as the purchaser.

The sale of the theatre came during the heavy downpour of rain and it was held in-doors, a crowd of possibly 125 persons attending. Bidding started at \$6500 and went rapidly by \$100 leaps to \$10,000, the principal bidders being a theatrical man from Philadelphia, and a representative of Mr. Collins. From \$10,000 to \$10,400 the bids were \$50 advances and then the price went up by \$50 and \$100 leaps to \$11,400 at which figure it was knocked down to Mr. Collins.

The Garden Auditorium was started at \$500. The second bid was \$1000 and the price advanced another thousand by \$100 bids. It was finally given to C. M. Wolf Jr. at \$2150.

On the three properties, Mr. Collins holds a first mortgage of \$21,000 with a year's interest due.

SUPERINTENDENT HERE

New Man Took Charge of the National Cemetery To-day.

A. J. Chapman, of City Point, Va., who was recently appointed superintendent of the National Cemetery arrived in town to-day and immediately assumed his duties. Mr. Chapman is a veteran of the Civil War, having served an enlistment for four years and six months in the 12th Wis. Infantry. He later served 19 years in the regular army.

Mr. Chapman comes with excellent recommendation and with his pleasing personality will in all probability fill his new post in a most acceptable manner.

BOTH FOUGHT HERE

One Veteran Participated in Sword Duel on Gettysburg Field.

Peter Deeter died in Shamokin Friday. He was a Civil War veteran. During the Battle of Gettysburg he and a Southern soldier fought a sword duel, which resulted in both being badly wounded.

Jacob J. Zimmerman, seventy three years old, died in Shenandoah. He was a Civil War veteran and served with distinction in the Battles of Antietam, Chancellorsville and Gettysburg.

SERIOUSLY ILL

Clyde Bream in Critical Condition from Typhoid Fever.

Word was received this afternoon of the critical illness of Clyde Bream, son of Mr. and Mrs. F. Mark Bream, Carlisle street, who is working for the Standard Oil Company in Louisiana. He has been suffering from typhoid fever for the past ten days. Members of the family left at 3:44 this afternoon for Louisiana.

HAIL AND RAIN

Storm Skipped by Gettysburg but Visited the Country.

Friday afternoon's storm which passed around Gettysburg struck some parts of the country with force. In the western section there was a heavy rainfall and some hail, but not enough to do serious damage.

HAD OPERATION

Arendtsville Woman under Treatment in Chambersburg Hospital.

Mrs. Allen B. Trostle, of Arendtsville, underwent an operation for appendicitis on Friday in the Chambersburg hospital. It was performed by Dr. J. McCrea Dickson.

BEGINNING Monday Funkhouser's will close each evening at five o'clock, Saturdays excepted.—advertisement 1

CHURCHES UNITE FOR SERVICES

Union Sunday Meetings in July and August. Two of them to be Held on College Campus. Arrangements for Second Month.

The pastors of the various churches of town have decided to unite their services on the Sunday evenings in July and August, believing that there will be better attendance and more interest in doing this, than by having worship in several different places.

On the first two Sunday evenings in July the services will be held on College Campus. This was tried last summer and proved very successful. The steps of the Old Dormitory were used and will again be the place for holding the evening worship. On Sunday evening, July 4, Dr. T. J. Barkley, pastor of the Reformed church, will have charge, and the following Sunday evening, Rev. J. B. Baker, pastor of St. James Lutheran church, will direct the union meeting.

Sunday evening, July 18, will fall in the period of Chautauqua week and the union service that evening will be in the tent, with the sermon likely to be preached by some prominent minister sent here by the general Chautauqua management. The following Sunday will be in the period during which the Lutheran Summer Assembly will be in session here and the churches will unite with that body in their evening meeting, which will be addressed by some Lutheran minister of prominence.

The five Sunday evenings in August will see union services in the various churches of the town, though the schedule has not yet been arranged. The pastor of each church in which the services are held will be responsible for his evening, and will either fill the pulpit himself or secure some one else to preach the sermon.

As in other years, the members of the various church choirs of town will unite to assist in making the music one of the features of the services.

GOOD CONVENTION

Officers Chosen and Next Meeting Place is Named.

The Sixth District Sunday School convention held its annual convention at Wexville on Friday. Both of the sessions were well attended and good addresses contributed to make the convention a success. Trinity Reformed church, Biglerville, was chosen for the next meeting on May 15, 1916.

Officers elected for the coming year were president, G. H. Knouse; vice president, Clarence Taylor; secretary, Mrs. Alvin Beamer; treasurer, E. N. Hartman; superintendent Home Department, M. E. Knouse; superintendent Teacher Training Department, E. C. Stover; superintendent Organized Bible Class, Bruce Taylor; superintendent elementary work, Miss Maude Pensyl; superintendent Secondary Division, Mrs. Frank Smith; missionary superintendent, Mrs. Edwin Bushey; temperance superintendent, Mrs. A. I. Weidner.

It is the aim of the new officers to make next year's work the best in the history of the district.

HOLD THE RECORD

York Fairs Biggest in the Entire State.

With four fair associations within its boundaries, York county leads every county of Pennsylvania in this important branch of the advancement of farming. This rating is contained in a bulletin just issued by the state department of agriculture.

As shown by this bulletin, 237,000 persons attended fairs in York county in 1914. The nearest approach to this record was that of Lehigh county, with its claim of 200,000 attendance at the Allentown fair. Lehigh, however, has only the one fair association. The nearest approach to the York county list of four fair associations is that of Susquehanna county, which has three, but the total attendance at all of these last fall was only 11,500 persons.

ELECTED PRESIDENT

On Friday John D. Keith, Esq., of Gettysburg, was elected president of the Emmitsburg Railroad to succeed the late Judge Motter who died last Saturday.

TO BE MARRIED IN BALTIMORE

Funkhouser-Shultz Wedding to be Solemnized at Baltimore Home on Sunday. Will Spend Honeymoon at Atlantic City.

Miss Ruth A. Shultz, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John N. Shultz, of Carlisle street, and Roy P. Funkhouser, the local merchant, will be married on Sunday at the home of Nathan W. Stein, 1818 North Monroe street, Baltimore.

The ceremony will be performed by a Baltimore minister and on Monday the bride and bridegroom will go to Atlantic City where they will spend a honeymoon of ten days or two weeks. Upon their return to Gettysburg they will take up housekeeping in one of the houses in the Miller Block on York street.

Miss Shultz is the second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John N. Shultz. This year she attended the Shenandoah Collegiate Institute of Music at Dayton, Virginia.

Mr. Funkhouser has been a resident of Gettysburg for about four years. He came here in September 1911 from Bir Pool, Maryland, and, with Mr. Sachs as partner, purchased the Davis clothing store and conducted it under the firm name of Funkhouser and Sachs until January 17, 1913, when he purchased Mr. Sachs' interest and has since been sole proprietor of the store which has been developed into one of the most successful business places of the town.

Miss Shultz and Mr. Funkhouser went to Baltimore this afternoon and will be the guests of friends there.

JUST IN TIME

Freight Car Loaded with Coal Uncoupled at Pen Mar.

A derailed freight car loaded with coal came near causing a serious wreck Thursday evening about 8 o'clock at Pen Mar. The freight car was standing on a side track near the station and somebody got on the car and opened the brake. The car started down the grade and struck a derailer which threw the car off the track across on to the main track.

In the distance a passenger train was coming on its way from Baltimore. Fortunately, the derailed car was noticed by some parties at the station who ran down the track and flagged the oncoming train.

ARMY MAN HURT

Falls on Tree Limb which Penetrates Body.

Falling from a cherry tree where he was at work, Eli Kuhn, 23 years old, of Mt. Holly, a former Regular Army man, received severe injuries when he struck a sharp limb which penetrated his body.

Kuhn was picking cherries when he lost his footing and fell. He struck a sharp limb that penetrated his thigh after a drop of about four feet. He fell to the ground a distance of ten feet. In addition to the wound made by the branch he sustained other cuts and bruises, none of which is serious.

DEDICATION THIS FALL

Expect Southern Monument to be Finished in Short Time.

That the Virginia monument is to be completed this summer and dedicated during the fall is indicated in an announcement made from the National Park Commission office. The pedestal has been in place for several years, and the work of completing the monument includes the placing of the group of figures at the front and the equestrian statue of General Lee on the pedestal.

FARM SOLD

\$230 an Acre Paid for Land Near Dillsburg.

Charles Stare, of near Mechanicsburg, this week purchased the John Coover farm, near Williams Grove, a short distance from Dillsburg for \$23,000. The farm contains 100 acres, making the average price per acre \$230.

FOR SALE: Bradbury piano. Inquire Eckert's Store.—advertisement 1
July 11—Marine Officers Arrive for six weeks' stay.

WELL KNOWN MAN TAKEN BY DEATH

Fountaindale Merchant and Cooper Dies at his Home. Funeral of Miss Heilman to be Held in Abbottstown. Other Deaths.

ISAAC HAFLEIGH

Isaac Hafleigh, a widely known resident of Fountaindale, died about four o'clock Friday afternoon aged 86 years, 5 months, and 4 days.

Mr. Hafleigh was born on January 15, 1829, a son of Jacob H. Hafleigh, for years a merchant and cooper of Fountaindale. He followed his father's trade for a number of years but finally drifted into farming, which occupation he followed until the time of his death. On March 13, 1872 he married Anna Marie Grayson, of Liberty township. She died in 1892 and he leaves one son, C. G. Hafleigh, who is engaged in general engineering at Bethlehem.

Funeral from his late home Tuesday morning at nine o'clock. Interment at Union cemetery, Fairfield.

CHARLES L. STOKES

Charles Lincoln Stokes, former resident of Emmitsburg and Thurmont, died on Friday morning at his home in Frederick.

Mr. Stokes was a son of Joshua and Catherine Weller Stokes, deceased. He was born at Thurmont and when eleven years of age went to live with his uncle, Henry Stokes, at Emmitsburg, and learned harness making. After he became of age he moved back to Thurmont and engaged in business there for some time. About nineteen years ago he moved to Frederick.

Funeral Sunday afternoon from his late home in Frederick.

MISS ALICE J. HEILMAN

Miss Alice J. Heilman, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Elias Heilman, formerly of near Abbottstown, died in the York hospital on Thursday evening, after an operation for appendicitis, aged 57 years, 3 months, and 2 days.

She leaves one sister and three brothers, Miss Sarah Heilman, Abbottstown; Henry Heilman, of New Oxford, and two brothers living in York. For thirty two years she had lived at Iron Ridge.

Funeral Sunday morning with services and interment at the Reformed church, Abbottstown.

MRS. JERE BEAM

Mrs. Jere Beam, of Goodyear, died at her home this morning.

Funeral arrangements will be announced when they have been determined upon.

ACQUITTED

Horse Worth One-Tenth Price he Paid, Stevens Claims.

Harry Stevens, of Heidlersburg was acquitted of receiving stolen goods, in Dauphin county court on Friday. It will be recalled that Stevens was accused of buying for \$5 a horse that he knew was stolen. He appeared in court to protest his innocence of any knowledge of the theft, and had the horse outside to prove that it was not worth one-tenth of the price he paid for it. The animal has been returned to its original owner.

WON MEDAL

Seven Contestants in Contest of Temperance Organizations.

Miss Mary Eden, won the silver medal at the contest in the Presbyterian church Friday evening. Miss Margaret Fair won the second prize. The other contestants were Marian Stallsmith, Frances Wible, Agnes Bigham, Nellie Mehning and Helen Deardorff. The judges were Dr. Himes, Mrs. McClean, and Archie Hollinger. The program included music by the St. James Orchestra and several other musical numbers.

SAW DEMONSTRATION

Witness Try-out of Carlisle's Fine New Fire Fighter.

The following committee went to Carlisle to-day to witness a demonstration of that borough's new automobile fire fighting apparatus, Harry S. Trostle, Allen B. Plank, Ralph Wierman, James B. Aumen, and Ray Rupp. Milton Plank was with the party as a special guest.

COUNTY ANGLERS WELCOME VETO

Are Glad that Governor Refused to Sanction Fish Code which they Say was Designed Largely to Benefit the Wealthy Class.

Many local anglers are rejoicing over the veto by Governor Brumbaugh of the proposed fishing code. In his veto message the governor said:

"We are so regularly changing the fish code of Pennsylvania that few know the law and many unwittingly disobey it."

The governor remarks that while organizations favored the code, many individuals object to it. "A multitude of individual citizens, many of them by their own statements of limited means, who, on holidays and when unable to obtain work fish for foods, strongly object to certain features of the new code," writes the governor.

"They particularly object to the regulations relative to bait fish and point out that only rich people able to purchase live bait in advance could fish under this code. They also object to the taking of trout under six inches on the ground that this is a slaughter of the babies and in opposition to sound conservation. They vigorously combat the idea that a trout once hooked and returned to the stream cannot survive. They also object to other features of the bill on the general theory that it was drawn in the interest of those who fish for sport and regardless of the cost of the sport and that it discriminates against the poor man who fishes for food."

"There is much in the code to warrant these protests. But the vital matter is that we are so regularly changing the fish code of Pennsylvania that few know the law and many unwittingly disobey it. Conservation is a matter of vital concern and it would be well to conserve all our natural resources. It ought not, however, be done against the will of the common people and by laws that deny to all equal favor and opportunity. The solution of this whole matter is a campaign for education for two years to the end that a new code of conservation and of administration may be drawn and that when drawn it may have the united support of our citizens."

GET GRANDSTAND

Ten Cents Admission to Sheltered Bleachers on Nixon Field.

The directorate of the Gettysburg base ball club started this morning to convert several sections of the bleachers on Nixon Field into a grandstand. A galvanized roof is being built and wire netting placed on the front. An admission of ten cents will be charged, all of which goes to the local club.

Lower has requested a vacation of ten days, without salary, in order to give himself time to get into such shape where he will be of actual use to the team.

SATURDAY MARKET

Gooseberries and Currants among the Things for Sale.

The number of truckers attending the curb market is gradually increasing and this morning the best number of the season was recorded, thirty eight being present. Strawberries and cherries were again offered in abundance and sold at low figures, the berries bringing from three to five boxes for a quarter. Currants and gooseberries were among the fruit on display.

PECULIAR INJURY

Has Shoulder Painfully Hurt when Porch Swing Falls.

Harry Oyler, of this place, sustained a badly sprained shoulder Friday evening when a porch swing on which he and several others were sitting fell to the floor on account of a steeple giving way. He does not know just how the shoulder was twisted. The accident occurred at the home of Price Oyler where he was spending the evening.

BEGINNING next week Woman's Exchange will close daily at five o'clock. Saturday hours as at present.—advertisement

THE GETTYSBURG TIMES

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W. LAVERE HAFER,
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PHILIP R. BIKLE, Editor.

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BELL PHONE UNITED PHONE
Office in Northwest corner of Centre Square, Gettysburg, Pennsylvania.

Want ads. One cent per word each insertion. Two cents a word if guaranteed first page position. Resolutions of respect, poetry and memorials one cent per word.

TO OUR READERS

The Gettysburg Times takes absolutely no part in politics, being neutral on all such matters. Anything that appears in our general news columns, concerning state or national politics, is furnished us by The American Press Association, a concern which gives the same news to Republican, Democratic, Prohibition, or Socialist papers and which is strictly non-partisan. Our advertising columns are open to all candidates of all parties.

HAY-MAKING AND HARVEST

will impress the need of new

FORKS HAY ROPE PULLEYS
WRENCHES OIL CANS OIL
SCYTHES WHETSTONES HANDLES

Binder Twine or twenty other little things that turn up during the day.

WE HAVE THEM and if you are too busy to come to town a telephone message will bring what you want by the next Parcel Post.

Adams County Hardware Co.



Coal That's All Coal Cement That Holds Everlastingly

We handle the best of both coal and cement, and you can count on our deliveries.

In planning the improvements that you are going to make around the place, now or later, consider the advantages of concrete. Concrete is fireproof, sanitary, permanent, and practically wearproof. It requires no painting, no repairs—grows stronger with age. Concrete construction is sure to please you when

ALPHA PORTLAND CEMENT

is used, because ALPHA Cement is made as strong as Portland Cement can be made and is tested hourly in the making by the ALPHA chemists, so that every sack is sure to be uniform and of full strength. The people who buy ALPHA Cement always come back for more. Let us serve you.

C. M. WOLF JR., Gettysburg, Pa.



NEW PICTORIAL REVIEW PATTERNS

for July

are

IRRESISTIBLE and CHARMING

In no other patterns can you find such adorable styles.

In order to be ahead of the fashion you must use

Pictorial Review Patterns

The FASHION BOOK
for SUMMER

On sale at the pattern counter.

It costs only ten cents when purchased with one 15 cent pattern.

PICTORIAL REVIEW CO.,

222 West 39th Street,

New York City, N. Y.

GERMANS WIFE OUT ALLIED FORCE

Berlin Declares Attacking Column Was Destroyed.

FURIOUS FIGHTING IN VOSGES

Invasers Hurl Army of 200,000 Men Against the French, But Are Repulsed With Heavy Loss to Each Side.

Berlin, June 19.—Official announcement was made here that an allied force which attacked German positions north of La Bassee, northwest France, was destroyed. Only a few succeeded in retreating.

The text of the statement follows: "Our enemies continue their attempts to break through our lines to the north of La Bassee canal and have suffered a new defeat. Their attacking troops were destroyed. Only a few men succeeded in retreating."

"East of Angres, south of Souchez and north of Courle the French penetrated our outer positions at intervals. Due north of the Lorette hills we surrendered a section of a trench situated within range of the enemy's fire in accordance with our plans. The rest of the enemy's attempts to attack were frustrated."

"Since June 15 we have captured on the battlefield to the north of Arras seventeen officers and 647 men. The sanguinary losses of our opponents were equal to those of the battles in the Champagne district."

"In the Argonne we repulsed weak enemy advances at Vauquois. Local fights developed in the Vosges. Engagements around Metzeral still are going on."

Furious Fighting in Vosges.

Paris, June 19.—The heaviest fighting of many weeks is reported by the French war office.

In the Vosges, Altenhof, a suburb of Metzeral, on the river Fecht, has been captured. Metzeral itself has been set on fire by the Germans and is burning. Steinbrück, a little to the north of Metzeral, has fallen into the hands of the French after a furious assault.

In the north, between Souchez and Neuville, the fighting has been even more furious. On this front the Germans have arrayed an army of 200,000 men, with heavy reserves in the rear, and Wednesday night and Thursday they drove forward against the French in a desperate effort to regain the ground lost there during the last few weeks.

Repeated attacks were hurled back by the French forces, who, striking quickly while the Germans were in confusion, pressed forward, making important gains on three sides of the Souchez, where the Germans are retreating between flooded moats, and advancing in three directions from Neuville. The French batteries, during the fierce battle of twenty-four hours, fired nearly 300,000 shells.

The death toll in the face of such artillery work has of necessity been very large. The war office admitted that the French losses have been serious. It asserts, however, that the German casualties have been greater.

CANADIANS IN BIG FIGHT

First Brigade From Ontario Suffers Heavy Losses in Battle.

Ottawa, Ont., June 17.—General Hughes, minister of militia, was advised that the Canadian First Brigade, consisting of the First, Second, Third and Fourth battalions, all from Ontario, had been in another heavy engagement, with considerable losses. The fighting is thought to have been near Festubert, France.

The brigade is under the command of General Mercer. It was in this battle that Colonel Becker, of London, Ont., was killed. The First battalion, of which he was commander, is said to have had the heaviest casualties.

THAW WINS TRIAL BY JURY

Court Upholds Decision to Have His Sanity Determined by Jurors.

Albany, N. Y., June 19.—The court of appeals upheld the order of Supreme Court Justice Peter A. Hendrick, directing a jury trial to test the sanity of Harry K. Thaw.

The court was unanimous in its decision, which held that Justice Hendrick did not attempt to evade any responsibility in directing a jury trial, but merely wished to obtain the advice of a jury.

The decision holds that Thaw has no mandatory right to a jury trial, but that it was in the discretion of the trial judge to decide whether such a request should be granted.

Girl Soldier Captured by Germans. Berlin, June 19.—Among the prisoners taken by General von Mackensen's army during the fighting in Galicia is the daughter of a Russian colonel. She was dressed in the uniform of a one-year volunteer and had been fighting in the ranks.

Adriatic Port Bombarded. Rome, June 19.—An Austrian cruiser and four torpedo boat destroyers bombarded the Adriatic port of Fano. The damage was insignificant.

New Zealand's Mineral Island. New Zealand has an island nearly three miles in circumference, which is almost entirely composed of sulphur, mixed with gypsum and a few other minerals.

A 15-INCH GUN.

British Sailor In Mouth of Big Cannon.



This picture was made by an official photographer of the British government, who is at the Dardanelles with the fleet. It shows an English jackie in the mouth of one of the fifteen-inch guns on the Queen Elizabeth, the biggest warship in the world.

ITALIAN OUTPOSTS IN SIGHT OF TRIESTE

Continued Successes in Monte Nero Region.

Rome, June 19.—Advices from Udine declare that Italian outposts have arrived within sight of Trieste. Fierce fighting in the Monte Nero zone, north of Tolmino, on the Isonzo front, is reported in an official report from General Cadorna, the chief of staff.

The Alpine troops are giving a good account of themselves in this region, using mountain paths unknown to the enemy, and falling unawares on the strongly fortified Austrian trenches. Almost all of this region is now in the hands of the Italians, who have taken 600 prisoners there.

As a result of the occupation of Mori, on the railroad from Rovereto to Arco and Riva, the fall of these two important places at the head of Lake Garda, before the Italians invading the Trentino from the western side is believed to be only a question of a few days. Mori is about five miles south of Rovereto, the objective of a strong Italian movement, but the road to that place is fortified to such an extent that it will be a hard task for the Italians to force the Austrian defenses.

SLAYS THREE AND SELF

Son Murders Father, Stepmother and a Policeman.

Jamestown, N. Y., June 19.—Fred W. Shaver murdered his aged father, N. S. Shaver; shot the latter's bride of ten days to death, killed Policeman George Kendall, and while dodging bullets from a dozen revolvers turned a shotgun upon himself and blew his own head off.

The tragedy occurred at the Shaver residence. Hudson A. Shaver, a retired merchant and wealthy, sixty-seven years old, married Ruth Campbell, twenty-seven years old, of Jamestown, on June 8.

Fred Shaver who, with his sister, are said to be Shaver's only heirs, opposed the marriage. He had told friends he would never countenance his father living with the young woman and threatened he would "kill the old man and his bride."

Germany Protests Against Raid. Berlin, June 19.—The German government issued an official statement protesting against the air attack upon Karlsruhe. It is stated that German aviators have only attacked fortified towns or towns closely connected with war operations. It is now officially said that eighty-one persons were killed at Karlsruhe.

Women Protest Against War. Washington, June 19.—President Wilson received at the White House a delegation from the National Women's Trade Union League, presenting resolutions opposing war and advocating an embargo on war exports. The president expressed deep interest. "Of course," he said, "we are all in favor of peace."

Poison in Family's Food. Pottsville, Pa., June 19.—Henry Fohner, of this city, had his wife arrested on the charge of attempting to poison him and the family, consisting of a number of small children, by putting poison in their food. The woman was placed in the county insane asylum.

Wide Powers to Lloyd George. London, June 19.—An order of council conferring virtually unlimited powers upon David Lloyd George, minister of munitions, was issued.

On the Move. At the Dance—Have you learned any of the new steps? "No, but I've stepped on a lot of new feet."—Life.

TEUTONS IN RANGE OF LEMBERG FORTS

Russians Will Defend Galician City at All Costs.

GERMANS MENACE GRODEK

Petrograd Declares Austro-Germans Lost 150,000 Men in Their Advance Through Galicia.

Copenhagen, June 19.—Heavy detachments of Russian troops are being withdrawn from Odessa to reinforce the Russian forces on the Grodek line at Grodek, west of Lemberg.

The Austro-German vanguard is now within artillery range of the fortress of Lemberg, being only sixteen miles distant.

Grand Duke Nicholas, the Russian commander in chief, has telegraphed to Petrograd that Lemberg will be defended at all cost.

Teutons Still Advancing.

London, June 19.—The Austro-German forces in Galicia are still advancing on the schedule made by General von Mackensen.

Vienna claims that part of the heavily fortified Grodek region, where the Russians have concentrated, has fallen into the hands of the Teutonic forces.

Petrograd does not admit the loss of any part of this district, but states that Russian forces have gathered there for the defense of Lemberg.

Austro-Germans Lose 150,000.

Petrograd, June 19.—Austro-German losses on a forty-mile section of the Galician battle front alone totaled between 120,000 and 150,000 during the last month, said an official review of the fighting issued by the war office.

The supplementary statement showing the staggering price in human life the Austro-Germans have paid for their recent victories in Galicia follows:

"A great battle developed on a forty-mile front between the Tysmenica and Swica rivers, where six Austro-German armies were hurled against the Russians. This battle has continued to spread since it started."

"On May 15 the Austro-German army, closely following our troops, which were retiring from the Carpathians, met our opposition in the region east of Drohobycz, Strij and Bolechow."

"During the next week we remained impassive, confining ourselves to exterminating the enemy as he approached our trenches. On May 25 the enemy began a decisive offensive and the climax of the battle was rapidly reached. At the end of the fifth day of the engagement a powerful force, composed of three German divisions, succeeded, at an incredible price and enormous sacrifice of human life, in carrying Strij."

"Perceiving the exhaustion of the Austrians on the right wing of the attacking army, we assumed the offensive and drove them back on May 30, 31 and June 1."

"Grand Duke Nicholas, the Russian commander in chief, was undecided whether to attempt to turn the German wing that had broken our front at Strij or to fall back upon the Dniester. The general situation in Galicia caused us to adopt the latter course."

"On the night of June 2 the enemy made a demonstration against our bridgeheads in the direction of Mikolajow, losing several thousand men. On the night of June 6 the Austro-Germans crossed the Dniester near Zuzawno and toward June 8 held the eastern bank for a distance of thirteen miles."

"On June 13 the enemy began a new offensive with the remains of regiments, the chief attacks being directed along the right bank of the Strij river and against the bridgeheads near Zydaczow. Toward June 15 the enemy again suffered reverses at Berenznica and Krulevska."

"Dense additional columns have passed through the Carpathians and are daily reinforcing the enemy. Many supplementary elements, originally destined for East Prussia, have met their fate in the valley of the Strij."

17-Year Locusts Coming.

Harrisburg, Pa., June 19.—Philadelphia, Bucks, Dauphin, Lancaster, Montgomery, Northampton and Westmoreland counties will be visited this year by the seventeen-year locusts. Just how plentiful they will be is not known, but the fact that they will visit only portions of the state is taken to mean the destruction, if any, will be small.

15 Months For Carlisle Clerk.

Williamsport, Pa., June 19.—S. G. Nori, former chief clerk at the Carlisle Indian school, who pleaded guilty to embezzlement and to destroying public records, was sentenced to fifteen months' imprisonment in the penitentiary.

Allies' Aviators Shell Turk Camp. Athens, June 19.—Allied aviators bombarded a Turkish encampment at Maldo, on the Gallipoli peninsula, inflicting heavy damage.

Poor Opinion of Poetry.

It is said that Sir Isaac Newton, on being asked his opinion of poetry, replied that it was a kind of ingenious nonsense.

MISS ESTHER ROSS.

She Christened U. S. Super-dreadnought Arizona.



Photo by American Press Association.

ARIZONA LAUNCHED AT BROOKLYN TODAY

Will be the Biggest Warship in the U. S. Navy.

New York, June 19.—The super-dreadnought Arizona, the biggest warship of the United States navy, was launched at the Brooklyn navy yard today. She is a companion ship of the Pennsylvania, now building at Newport News.

When the Arizona left the ways she was christened by Miss Esther Ross, of Preston, Ariz. Among those at the launching was a party of prominent citizens of Arizona, headed by Governor Hunt.

When completed the Arizona will be of 31,400 tons displacement, 608 feet long, and with one crushing discharge can hurl 18,044 pounds of metal. The main battery of the Arizona will be twelve 14-inch guns, the heaviest main battery to be turned out yet for the United States.

Her secondary battery is of twenty-two 5-inch rapid-fire guns and an auxiliary battery of four six-pounders and three three-inch field pieces. An innovation will be her battery of four aeroplanes guns for bringing down hostile aircraft.

The motive power of the Arizona will be new also, consisting of Parsons turbines developing 34,000 horse power, combined with oil fuel boilers. She will make a speed of twenty-one knots and will carry a crew of 927 men and 53 officers.

INDICT STAHL AS PERJURER

Accused German Swore He Saw Guns Aboard Lusitania.

New York, June 19.—Gustav Stahl, the German reservist, who swore in an affidavit submitted to the state department by the German embassy, that he saw guns aboard the Lusitania, was indicted for perjury by a federal grand jury.

The alleged perjury was committed, it is said, not when he made the affidavit, but in testimony to the same effect before the grand jury. In its inquiry against Paul Koenig, head of the secret service department of the Hamburg-American line, and others to determine whether they should be indicted for conspiracy against the United States. It is alleged that Koenig was instrumental in procuring the Stahl affidavit.

Aeroplane Falls; Two Killed.

Boston, June 19.—A biplane in which three men were riding fell a distance of about 125 feet near the aviation field in Squantum, and two of the occupants were killed. Harry M. Jones, an aviator of several years' experience, was injured, but probably will recover. Those killed were William Ely, Jr., of Providence, a freshman at Brown university, and George H. Hersey, Jr., who was studying aviation with Jones.

WEATHER EVERYWHERE.

Observations of United States weather bureaus taken at 8 p. m. yesterday follow:

	Temp.	Weather.
Atlantic City....	68	Clear.
Boston.....	62	Clear.
Buffalo.....	84	Cloudy.
Chicago.....	72	P. Cloudy.
New Orleans....	88	Clear.
New York.....	67	Clear.
Philadelphia....	76	Cloudy.
St. Louis.....	80	Clear.
Washington.....	76	Cloudy.

The Weather. Increasing cloudiness today; showers tonight; tomorrow, probably fair; moderate winds.

Cleaning Brass.

To clean brass flower pots or trays rub them with a piece of lemon; then pour boiling water over them, and finally polish with a soft, dry cloth.

PERSONAL NOTES AND BRIEF ITEMS

Paragraphs of News Telling of the Happenings in and about Town People Visiting Here and Those Sojourning Elsewhere.

Miss Rhoda Bowers, of Breckenridge street, is spending the week-end with friends in Hanover.

Mrs. John McDonnell, of West Middle street, is spending several days with her mother at Bittinger's Station.

Mrs. J. Watson Dickson, of North Washington street, is spending several days with friends at Hunterstown.

Miss Bessie Shields, of York street, has gone to York where she will visit friends.

Robert Brown has returned to his home at White Haven after a visit with friends in Gettysburg.

Horace Stewart has returned to Philadelphia after a visit with his parents, Dr. and Mrs. Henry Stewart, Baltimore street.

Miss Alice Martin has returned to her home at South Bethlehem after a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Martin, Baltimore street.

Miss Mary McConaughy, who has spent the past fortnight with Miss Annie O'Neal, left to-day for a visit on the Eastern Shore of Maryland.

Mrs. Reese and son, of York, are spending some time at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Hoffman on route 4.

Mrs. H. T. Weaver and William Weaver have returned to their home on Baltimore street after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Enteline in Ashland.

C. Wm. Beales and family and R. C. Miller and family have returned from a motor trip of several days to Washington, D. C.

Irvin Stine has returned to Jacksonville, Florida, after a visit of several weeks with relatives and friends here.

H. Edward Barbehenn has gone to Philadelphia to accept a position at the German hospital.

Mrs. William Stair and daughter, of Huntington, are spending the summer months here.

GENERAL MARKETS

PHILADELPHIA.—FLOUR quiet; winter clear, \$5.50@5.75; city mills, fancy, \$5.50@6.75.
RYE FLOUR quiet; per barrel, \$6@6.25.
WHEAT firm; No. 2 red, \$1.21@1.22.
CORN quiet; No. 2 yellow, \$3@3.35.
OATS quiet; No. 2 white, \$5@5.50; lower grades, 55c.
POULTRY: Live steady; hens, 15c; 15c; old roosters, 11c; 12c. Dressed firm; choice fowls, 19c; old roosters, 13c.
BUTTER steady; fancy creamery, 30c per lb.
EGGS steady; selected, 26@27c; nearby, 24c; western, 24c.

Live Stock Prices.
CHICAGO.—HOGS higher; mixed and butchers, \$7.20@7.80; 2001 heavy, \$7.20@7.55; rough heavy, \$6.95@7.15; light, \$7.35@7.85; pigs, \$6@7.20; bulk, \$7.30@7.70.
CATTLE strong; heaves, \$7.20@7.50; cows and heifers, \$3.50@8.65; Texans, \$7.35@8.60; calves, \$8.50@10.
SHEEP steady; native and western, \$4@5.85; lambs, \$7@10.

"Left-Handed" Parrots. Parrots seize objects with the left claw by preference or exclusively, and they have been found to make a reader use of the left claw for climbing than the right.

The Sabbath. A world without a Sabbath would be like a man without a smile, like a summer without flowers, and like a homestead without a garden. It is the joyous day of the whole week.—Beecher.

WANTED: first class automobile repairman, one with experience on starters and generators preferred. Steady job at good wages if you can do the work. State experience and wages wanted in first letter. Roy Long's Fireproof Garage, Lewistown, Pa.—advertisement



TAKE FIRST OF HANOVER SERIES

Hornets Make Six in the Sixth, and Gettysburg Follows with Four in the Ninth. Heavy Hitting Marks Opening Contest.

After five innings of gilt edge base ball on McAllister Field Friday evening, things broke and thereafter the contest resolved itself into a battling bee. A total of twenty six hits was tallied and when the smoke cleared away Gettysburg had swatted the Hornets 8 to 7, after a nine inning rally in which four runs came across.

Lower started the game for Gettysburg and the Hanoverians safe until the sixth when things began to happen. They happened thick and fast and when the third man was out, the happy keeper of the score board hunted about among his tags and found a large "6" which was promptly put in place to the delight of the Hanover fans who saw certain victory. Herrill was put in to finish the game after Lower got his drubbing.

While all this was going on Gettysburg had made two runs, two more were gotten in the seventh and the ninth opened with the tally, Hanover 6, Gettysburg 4. Again things started to occur but this time it was the Gettysburg batsmen who were at work and the Hanover pitcher Traub, who was battered. Four big runs came across the plate. Hanover rallied in their half of the ninth but one lone run was the best they could do.

Features of the game were Bream's hitting, with three safe ones, Williams' work at short stop with eight assists and no errors, and for Hanover, Crawford's batting—four hits, and Steinbach with three. Rube Rice held down center field for Gettysburg and knocked out a three bagger when his meant runs. Bill Mahaffie undaunted by a broken finger, took right field, made three outs and one hit.

Gettysburg 10 0 0 1 2 0 4 8-12-1
Hanover 0 0 0 0 6 0 0 1 7-14-5

Rain Prevented Game

Frederick, June 18—Rain fell in torrents to-day and the game with Martinsburg was postponed.

Hagerstown 5, Chambersburg 4

Chambersburg, June 18—The Ma-rons continued their losing streak here to-day by dropping a game to Hagerstown 5 to 4. The game was a good one throughout.

To-Day's Games

Gettysburg at Hanover
Hagerstown at Chambersburg
Martinsburg at Frederick

League Standing

	W	L	P. C.
Frederick	13	2	.867
Hanover	9	8	.529
Martinsburg	9	8	.529
Gettysburg	6	10	.375
Hagerstown	6	10	.375
Chambersburg	6	11	.353

Monday's Games

Hanover at Gettysburg
Frederick at Martinsburg
Chambersburg at Hagerstown

TRACT

Tract—Miss Lillie Dicken has returned home from the Frederick City Hospital and is very much improved. Daniel Shorb has had his residence repaired.

Mrs. Theodore Bollinger and two sons, spent Tuesday in Emmitsburg with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Jackson.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Shorb and two sons, spent Sunday with J. F. Shorb, of Willow Run.

A number of people from this place attended the funeral of Mrs. Charles Topper in Emmitsburg on Monday.

Edward Linn lost a fine young horse on Monday. This is the second one inside of three weeks. Harry Baxter also had the misfortune to lose one.

Mrs. Keekler returned home from Waynesboro, after spending two weeks there with friends.

HARNEY

Harney—Leroy H. Null, who has been visiting his parents, returned to the battleship "Vermont", U. S. N., on which he is serving.

A new cement pavement has just been laid in front of the Lutheran church, which greatly adds to the appearance.

Edward Valentine, of Baltimore, spent Sunday with his parents.

Joseph Thompson and Mr. Miller, of Gettysburg, spent Sunday with the parents of the former.

Eugene and Charles Hawk, of near Hanover, and Jacob Froek and wife, of Hagerstown, spent Sunday with J. W. Froek and family.

On Wednesday evening, Miss Delia Shriver gave a reception to her Sunday School class of twelve boys.

LETTERS FROM COUNTY TOWNS

Correspondents send in Many Items of Interesting News from their Respective Towns. Personal and Many Brief Items.

McSHERRYSTOWN

McSherrystown—The improvements at Blue Gables are now about completed and the palatial home of S. L. Johns now presents a most beautiful appearance.

Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Bunty, Miss Nellie Roth, and guests, William Himes, of Kansas City, and Miss Ella Reuter, of York, motored to Gettysburg Wednesday, and spent the day on the battlefield. Mr. Himes is on a visit to his brother who is seriously ill in New York City, and during the trip made a visit to McSherrystown and York, this being his first trip in this section. He was greatly pleased with the general appearance of the towns of Southern Pennsylvania, as well as the surrounding country.

V. Weaver Smith, son of Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Smith, an instructor in chemistry at State College, received the degree of master of arts this year. In September he will return to State College where he will again teach chemistry.

St. Mary's parochial schools have closed for the term and the usual closing exercises will be held Sunday afternoon in the parish hall. There will be two plays given by the pupils—"The Crusaders", in three scenes, and "Every soul on the Land of the Sunrise Sea" in six acts. There will also be a tableau, "O Great and Glorious Vision."

An address will be made by Rev. L. Aug. Reutter, rector of St. Mary's, after which he will award the diplomas and medals.

The McSherrystown orchestra will furnish music and Robert Hart and Miss Clara McCann will be the pianists.

There are eleven graduates in the Commercial class this year and sixteen graduates in the eighth grade.

CHURCH NOTICES

PRESBYTERIAN

Sunday School, 9:15; morning worship, 10:30, subject, "Confidence"; Christian Endeavor, 6:45, "What Women Can Do for Christ". Evening topic at 7:30, "Winning Christ."

EPISCOPAL

Sunday School, 9:30; morning service, 10:30; evening service, 7:30.

CHURCH OF THE BRETHREN

Stratton Street: Sunday School, 9:30; preaching, 7:30. Marsh Creek: Sunday School, 9:30; preaching, 10:30. Friends' Grove: Sunday School, 9:30; preaching, 10:30.

COLLEGE LUTHERAN

A. E. Wagner, D. D. pastor. 9:45 a. m., Bible School, Edgar A. Crouse, superintendent; 10:45 a. m., morning worship with sermon by the pastor. Theme: "The Responsibility of Opportunity." 7:30 p. m., evening worship with sermon by the pastor. Theme: "Co-operation."

METHODIST

Sunday School, 9:30; general class, 10:30; no junior service in the afternoon; Epworth League, 6:30; preaching service at 7:30 p. m., when Prof. W. A. Burgoon will deliver the address.

REFORMED

Sunday School, 9:15 a. m. Morning church service, 10:30. At this service Rev. Dr. Charles E. Wehler, of Hood College for Women, at Frederick, will preach the sermon. Evening service, 7:30.

FAIRFIELD LUTHERAN
Christian Endeavor, 6:30, topic "Christ's Call to Young Women of Today". Leader, Miss Ruth Bream.

HEIDELBERG U. B.

Heidelberg: Sunday School, 9:30 a. m.; preaching, 10:30 a. m. Mt. Olivet: Sunday School, 1:30 p. m.; preaching, 2:30 p. m. Idaville: Sunday School, 9:30 a. m.; Christian Endeavor, 7 p. m.; preaching 8 p. m. J. H. Bender, pastor.

FAIRFIELD PRESBYTERIAN
Preaching at 7:30, subject "The Greatest Power."

BIGLERVILLE U. B.

Mt. Hope: preaching, 10:00. Mt. Carmel: preaching, 7:30. Biglerville: Sunday School, 9:00; Junior Christian Endeavor, 1:30; Senior Christian Endeavor, 6:45; Children's Day, exercises, 7:45, when an appropriate program will be rendered. All are cordially invited.

ARENDTSTOWN REFORMED
Sunday School at 9 a. m. Church service at 10 a. m. Sermon on "Life's Cherished Hours."

BIGLERVILLE REFORMED
Sunday School at 1 p. m. At 2 p. m. the Sunday School will hold their Children's Day service.

WANTED: Man to sell trees, shrubs, roses, berry bushes. Permanent. Brown Brothers Nurseries, Rochester, New York.—advertisement

SUBMARINE TEST FOR NAVAL HULLS

New U. S. Battleships Will Be Made Torpedo Proof.

ALSO IMMUNE TO MINES.

Novel Experiments by Navy to Be Carried Out in Chesapeake Bay in Which Large Caisson Will Represent Dreadnought, and Building Plans Are to Await Report on Results.

Experiments of importance apropos of the effort being made to afford future American battleships greater security against underwater attack are to be conducted within a month in the waters of the lower Chesapeake bay. One of these experiments will include an underwater attack upon a caisson built to resemble the section of one of the proposed new American Dreadnoughts, with a new arrangement of hull skins and bulkhead protection against torpedoes.

This caisson is being constructed at the navy yard at Norfolk. It will represent not an entire Dreadnought, but only a portion of the armored section of such a vessel. It will not only mount protective armor, but will have four or five protective walls and other features that are not disclosed because they are regarded by experts of the navy department as highly confidential.

Caisson to Be Armored.

The caisson will be subjected to underwater attack, representing the explosion caused by the contact of a torpedo with the side of the Dreadnought. It will not be necessary to fire the torpedo. It is not the purpose in delivering torpedo attacks against battleships that the torpedo should penetrate the hull of a battleship. It is the outside explosion of the torpedo that does the damage to the attacked vessel. Accordingly, instead of actually firing a torpedo against the experimental caisson in the forthcoming experiments, a quantity of high explosive will be detonated under water along the armored side of the caisson.

The new plans for obtaining protection against underwater attacks upon battleships, whatever methods of hull protection are adopted, will be introduced in the two new battleships which were authorized by congress in the naval appropriation bill of 1915. These Dreadnoughts have not yet been named. They are now officially known as battleships 43 and 44. Their essential characteristics have not been approved.

New Dreadnoughts Wait.

It was originally the intention to have these two Dreadnoughts built essentially along the lines of the battleships California, Idaho and Mississippi of the 1914 naval increase program, but it is understood that the delay in approving the plans has been caused by the lessons of the war in Europe.

Before finally approving the plans for battleships 43 and 44 the experts of the navy department and Secretary Daniels will await, first, the result of the physical experiments to be made within a month upon the Dreadnought caisson which is being constructed at Norfolk; second, the information that is to be conveyed from Europe by naval attaches who have been instructed to send the most complete reports dealing with the effect of torpedo attacks on battleships; third, the possibility that there may be a naval battle in the North sea which will provide lessons in underwater attack.

Experts in the American navy regard the problem of protection against underwater attack as the most important one to be met in the design of new battleships. This problem is regarded as even greater in importance than the question of increasing the caliber of the big guns from fourteen to sixteen inches. The ultimate decision concerning the essential characteristics of the new battleships, Nos. 43 and 44, will be delayed until the design of the hull has been approved.

Must Protect Sides.

Much has been said about the desirability of having battleships constructed with protected triple bottoms—that is, with an outer bottom and two inner bottoms. Five American Dreadnoughts, the Pennsylvania, Arizona, California, Mississippi and Idaho are now being constructed with triple bottoms. They were the first in the United States navy to embrace this idea in their designs, and it is understood they will be the last.

The theory was that the triple bottom would afford some degree of defense against torpedo attack from submarines. It is now understood that the theory has been exploded. It is said that, since the bottoms of these Dreadnoughts are virtually horizontal, it would be impossible, in the present limitations of submarines, for a submarine to plant a torpedo under the bottom of such a Dreadnought. It is argued now that even triple bottoms would not protect against a mine explosion under a battleship.

According to the belief of the experts now it is not the bottoms, but the side walls of battleships that need greater protection. In an effort to obtain this the American navy is introducing four, and even five, vertical partitions of protective armor in battleships, and building battleships containing from three to four inner skins in addition to the outer one.

Thrown Out, All Right.

Mrs. Flatbush—"My neighbor's husband and brother were thrown out of work by the war." Mrs. Bensonhurst—"Sure, that's nothing. I know a woman who had two husbands thrown out of work by blasts."

GERMANY FACING LACK OF CLOTHING

Shortage of Wool Presents Serious Problem.

MANY MILLS CLOSE DOWN.

Shut Off From All the World's Markets, Kaiser's War Chiefs Feel Anxiety Last They May Not Be Able to Provide Sufficient New Winter Uniforms For Their Armies.

The problem of insuring a future supply of uniforms for her great armies of fighters, while at the same time guaranteeing sufficient clothing for the old men and the women and children, is causing official Germany more real anxiety than the troublesome question of securing food supplies for all her people.

Experts in the wool and cotton trade declare that since Germany has been cut off from the wool and cotton markets of the world by reason of the allies' blockade she faces the grave danger of inability to clothe her soldiers properly many months longer and may have great difficulty in prosecuting another winter campaign if the war lasts until the snow flies again.

Germany obtained the wool she used in her manufactures mainly from Australia and New Zealand through the London markets and from South America, chiefly the Argentine Republic and Montevideo. The London market is now denied her of course, and she is cut off also from South American ports. Some of her stocks came from Russia, but they consisted of "coarse wool," and the war stopped business in that direction. She obtained comparatively small quantities of carpet wool from Turkey, but Turkey is in the war and the Turks need all their own wool.

Has Only Home Supply.

Germany had 16,000,000 sheep of her own in 1900, according to the reports, but this figure was reduced to 5,000,000 in 1907. It is assumed that the total has been still further reduced since then. It is admitted that the war has made it necessary to slaughter many sheep for food purposes, and that has decreased the amount of home wool.

When the Germans invaded Belgium they seized all the wool in sight and shipped back some 30,000,000 pounds to the fatherland, leaving the Belgians wool at all. They also confiscated a large amount in their invasion of northern France.

It is estimated that thirty pounds of raw cotton and wool are used for the manufacture of a soldier's uniform, overcoat and other clothing. Assuming that Germany had 5,000,000 sheep in 1914 it is figured that she would not have supplied sufficient material to enter into the uniforms of more than 1,000,000. When the stocks seized in Belgium and northern France are exhausted if they have not been exhausted already she will have to fall back on her home supply.

Germany, it is said, uses more rags and clips in the making of her clothing than any other country. For the same reason that wool is denied her by her old customers she is unable to obtain the materials that enter into the manufacture of shoddy goods and is utilizing more than ever before the "rags" of her own people. It is said that 75 per cent more clips (tailors' cuttings from new cloth) were exported to Germany from the United States before the war than to any other country.

Woolen Mills Suspend.

Already a number of Germany's biggest woolen mills, notably the Luckenwalder company plant at Berlin, have been obliged to suspend.

Germany's stocks of cotton also are low, and she has been unable to replenish them to any large degree. It is known that representatives of German firms have disposed of large stocks of cotton purchased in the southern states before the war, which could not be shipped to the fatherland.

"The problem of getting enough wool and cotton for her purposes is a very serious one for Germany," a New York expert declared the other day. "It seems to be a question of a supply of clothes rather than of food. She can probably raise sufficient food for her soldiers and the people at home, but how to get sufficient wool and cotton to make the clothing needed for her millions is the empire's great problem."

One of the principal exporters said that of the 271,000 bales of wool exported from Argentina alone in 1914 82,000 bales went to Hamburg, Bremen and Trieste. He added that the allies are now using "carpet wools" in the making of uniforms, and he believes the Germans will do the same.

BUILDING OUR BIG CANAL.

The Human Problem Overshadowed the Engineering Difficulties.

The general impression prevailed from the beginning that the building of the Panama canal comprised one of the world's greatest engineering feats, and the tremendous scope of the work as it developed during the construction period served to mold this impression into a fixed belief, yet Mr. Stevens, who for nearly two years had control on the isthmus not only of all construction, but of those various co-ordinate branches which were essential adjuncts to the building of the canal, expressed the opinion that the engineering features were the least difficult, describing them as "of magnitude and not of intricacy." On the other hand, his experience convinced him that the administrative problems were the greater, presenting as they did many unusual features involving an immense amount of detail and extending into every branch of business, with ramifications touching many phases of social and domestic economy.

In every undertaking of an engineering character there must necessarily be a greater or less amount of administrative detail resulting from problems of supply, labor, policy and considerations arising out of them. In the case of the Panama canal not only were these problems present, but as compared with those of engineering they made the latter appear relatively small.

The very magnitude of the work imposed difficulties which would have existed even had it been undertaken in any portion of the United States, but these difficulties were increased materially by reason of having to carry on the work in a tropical country sparsely populated, nonproductive, affording no skilled and very little efficient common labor, with customs and modes of living as different as the civilizations of North and Central America have been since the settlement of these portions of the western hemisphere, with a heavy rainfall during the greater portion of the year and with a reputation for unhealthfulness which placed Panama in the category of one of the worst pest holes of the earth.—General George W. Goethals in Scribner's.

An Oil Can With Bellows.

Ordinarily the bottom of the oil can of commerce has but a movement through a small fraction of an inch, and this small motion is relied upon to force the oil through the narrow opening at the top. A new oil can, however, has just appeared on the market which has a metal bellows as the oil container, which is held extended by a small spring. Pressure upon the bottom of the can forces the bellows together and the bottom of the can upward, so a strong and steady stream of oil can be injected where desirable.

If you raise



Currants, Celery, Tomatoes, Melons, Squash, Beets, Etc.

USE

BUG DEATH

There is absolutely no preparation on the market that will rid your vines and leaves of the income killing pests so satisfactorily, thoroughly, economically and speedily WITHOUT the remotest possibility of injury to plant, leaf or vine in any way.

Absolutely Free from Arsenic.

In 100 lb. Kegs, 12 1/2, 5, 3 and 1 lb. Packages.

Gettysburg Department

Store.

Ask for the free booklet—

YOU

AN'T LEAN LOTHE LIKE THE LEAN LOTHE LUB AN

Cleaning Pressing

K

LEAN LOTHE LUB

NO TRESPASSING

All persons are warned not to trespass on the premises of the undersigned, for the purpose of taking game in any manner, or for fishing, or in any way injuring or destroying property. All persons violating the laws of the Commonwealth with regard to trespassing on lands of the undersigned will be dealt with under the provision of the Act of April 14, 1905.

J. J. REDDING Cumberland Twp.

R. 3 Gbg.

PAULS REAVER Freedom Twp.

R. 3 Gbg.

PERSONALLY CONDUCTED

TOUR TO PANAMA-PACIFIC EXPOSITION

\$177.00

Covers Every Expense Excepting Meals. Consult Ticket Agent.

WESTERN MARYLAND RY.

HORLICK'S

THE ORIGINAL

MALTED MILK

THE FOOD-DRINK FOR ALL AGES

TAKE A PACKAGE HOME

NO SUBSTITUTE IS "JUST AS GOOD"

DARK HOLLOW

ANNA KATHARINE GREEN

MYSTERY impinges upon mystery from the very first installment of this remarkable story

By the author of "The Leavenworth Case"

With a mysterious house secluded behind a high fence and a tangle of shrubbery, with a mysterious old recluse occupying it, with many mysterious people coming and going, with a mysterious murder occurring early in its course, and with the hunt for the murderer soon in full cry, the reader is treated to a series of unusual sensations, with a climax that is startling and unexpected.

You will enjoy every installment of our coming serial

DARK HOLLOW

Watch for it!

The Next Two Games at Home

—WITH—

Hanover

MONDAY and TUESDAY

TO BEGIN PROMPTLY AT 5:15 P. M.

Nixon Field.

ADMISSION . . . 25 CENTS.

At the Zoo.
A very stout lady at the zoological gardens, says the Philadelphia Record, was seeing the lions fed for the first time, and was rather surprised by the limited amount of meat that was given them. "That seems to me to be a very small piece of meat for the lion," she said to the attendant. The man looked at her with a glimmer of amusement in his eye. "It may seem a small piece to you, mum," he said, "but it's heaps for the lion."

Drop-Light Shade.
Drop-lights in a bedroom often cause serious discomfort to the eyes of sick people. To prevent this take a child's shoe box and in one end cut a slit large enough to insert the wire cord. The light will then be encased on three sides; one-half of the room will be almost dark, and the other half brilliantly lighted. The light can be directed as desired by simply turning the box about.—Good Housekeeping.

Dark Hollow

By Anna Katharine Green

Illustrations by C. D. Rhodes

(Copyright, 1914, by Dodd, Mead & Company)

LOVE in a HURRY

by GELETT BURGESS
ILLUSTRATED by RAY WALTERS

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SYNOPSIS.

CHAPTER I—Hall Bonistelle, artist-photographer, preparing for the day's work in his studio, is reminded by Flodie Fisher, his assistant, of a party he is to give in the studio that night, and warned that his business is in bad financial shape.

CHAPTER II—Mr. Doremus, attorney, and justice of the peace, calls and informs Hall that his Uncle John's will has left him \$4,000,000 on condition that he marry before his twenty-eighth birthday, which begins at midnight that night.

CHAPTER III—Mrs. Lena Royaltan calls at the studio and asks Hall to marry him at once. She spurs for time, but finally agrees to give him an answer at the party that night.

CHAPTER IV—Miss Carolyn Doremus calls and Hall proposes to her. She agrees to give him an answer at the party.

CHAPTER V—Rosamund Gale, artist model, calls. Hall tries to rush her into an immediate marriage, but she, too, defers her answer until the evening. Flodie says Hall has ordered trouble delivered at the house.

CHAPTER VI—Flodie tries to show Hall a certain way out of the mixup, but he is obtuse. Jonas Hassingbury, who to the millions in case Hall fails to marry on time, plots with Flodie to block Hall's marriage to any of the three women before midnight.

CHAPTER VII—Flodie arranges to have Hall's three intendeds meet at the studio as if by chance. Carolyn and Rosamund come in first and compare notes. They think Hall is perhaps going crazy.

CHAPTER VIII—Mrs. Royaltan comes in and much feminine fencing ensues, in which Flodie uses her own foil adroitly.

CHAPTER IX—Hall comes in and the ladies retire for conference. Hall is worried lest they confide in each other, but Flodie sarcastically reassures him. Alfred, the janitor, brings in a newspaper with the story of the queer legacy. The ladies' alliance to humiliate Hall dissolves and they retire to plan war for the \$4,000,000 prize.

CHAPTER X—Successive telephone messages from the three ladies inform Hall that he is accepted by all three. Desperate, he asks Flodie to save him from the three-headed dilemma by marrying him. She refuses, and goes with Alfred, who has long been an humble suitor, to get a marriage license.

CHAPTER XI—Jonas arrives at the party. He proposes to Flodie, who declines and recommends him to try his luck with any or all of the three ladies. Rosamund arrives and gives Hall a bad quarter of an hour with her lavish endearments.

CHAPTER XII—The guests come in bunches. Carolyn corners Hall, who manages to turn her over to Jonas.

CHAPTER XIII—Rena tells Hall she would marry him tonight if he had a license, which strikes Hall dumb. Four minutes to twelve, no license, he can marry no one of them and the \$4,000,000 is lost to him. The three ladies meet and engage in another verbal fencing match.

CHAPTER XIV.

The three grew immediately silent, watching the door. Mr. Doremus was walking in with Jonas Hassingbury, talking. Both were in high good humor, the attorney because of his pleasant social success, the Branford farmer because of the growing probability of his good fortune. They stood for a moment, looking about the studio, and then Mr. Doremus pointed to the clock.

"My word, Hassingbury, look at that! It's after twelve o'clock already!" He extended his hand ceremoniously. "Permit me to congratulate you, sir, upon your accession to the Bonistelle fortune! It is my practice, as you know, never to take sides. Er—that is, I seldom permit myself such partisanship. So long, however, as fate has decided in your favor, I take pleasure in knowing that you are now the possessor of four million dollars!"

"What's he talking about?" Rosamund whispered wildly.

"Why, it can't be—" Carolyn began, but she was interrupted by the close of the lawyer's speech.

"It is, of course, to be regretted that one of you must inevitably lose, according to Bonistelle's will, and I am profoundly sorry for Mr. Hall Bonistelle, our host, who naturally will be disappointed."

Jonas Hassingbury, meanwhile, had taken out his watch, and was comparing it with the clock. "Er—of course—what's that you're saying?" he asked, a little confused. "Oh, Hall! Yes, yes, of course it is hard on Hall if I get the money—but then," and he straightened up and returned the watch to his pocket—"he'd only throw it away on some woman, and I'll put it to good use. It's far better, after all, that I should have it." He turned uneasily, to leave. It seemed strange that he was no more excited or exultant.

The three listening women turned silently to one another, each with a look of amazement.

"Why, it can't be! What do they mean?" Mrs. Royaltan exclaimed. "Oh, Mr. Doremus, just wait a moment, please." He was about to follow Jonas, when Carolyn darted to him and caught him by his coat.

"Mr. Doremus!" she ejaculated. "I heard something about Hall's losing money—his uncle's will, you know—that was a mistake, wasn't it?"

"How a mistake, Miss Dallys! I wasn't aware that you were interested in the subject, and hardly know to what you refer."

"Why, it was all in the papers this afternoon wasn't it? Everybody knows about it!"

"Ah," said the lawyer, "I would advise you not to put too much faith in the papers, Miss Dallys."

"But it said that Hall would get his uncle's money—"

Rosamund, who had joined her, broke in—"If he was married on or before his twenty-eighth birthday—"

"Then Doremus was right in his opinion—"

ly—"And he's twenty-eight tomorrow—no, it's today!"

Mr. Doremus stood, with his hands behind his back, watching them impassively. "Ah, my dear ladies, that just shows how little one can depend upon the daily press. On and after, reporters love such expressions. They positively seem to think that no document is complete without that particular term."

"But isn't it 'on or before'?" they demanded.

"Not at all. Not at all. The phrase is, to the best of my recollection, before he has attained his twenty-eighth birthday. In the interpretation of the law, one's birthday begins at midnight, preceding such date. Mr. Bonistelle's chances for inheriting, therefore, lapse at twelve o'clock."

One and all turned to gaze at the clock. "And now, it's ten minutes past!" cried Carolyn.

"So it seems!" said Mr. Doremus.

"And now, ladies, is there anything else I can do for you? If not, I must rejoin Mr. Hassingbury and discuss his legal arrangements." With a low bow he passed at once out of the room.

For a moment, the three ladies, non-plussed, were dumb. Then, slowly, Rosamund turned to Carolyn, all her rancor gone. "Well," she said, "don't that beat anything you ever heard in your life?"

It was evident by Carolyn's ironic smile that she considered the remark inadequate, but even she could do no better. Mrs. Royaltan was more effective. She burst into tears.

Rosamund began to storm. "Why, it's no better than stealing! That's the only word for it!"

"Lord, don't be a fool," said Carolyn finally, "we got the wrong tip, that's all. But I seem to see, now, why Mr. Hall was in so much of a hurry."

"I'm going home!" wailed Mrs. Royaltan, dabbing her eyes.

"I'm not, till I give him a piece of my mind!" cried Rosamund.

"Hush! Wait a minute!" Carolyn whispered. "Is that he out in the office, there, with Miss Fisher? You wait here, girls, I'm going to call him in!" Leaving them, she walked quietly to the door.

"Hall! Oh, Hall!" she called sweetly. She smiled as if upon an angel. "Come in here a minute, will you? I've got a little surprise for you!" She darted back, and took her place with the others, three in a line.

He came in smiling, saw the three outraged ladies, and stopped, with an embarrassed grin. "What is it?" he managed to say.

"Oh, Hall, Hall, you've broken my heart!" Mrs. Royaltan wept again.

"Hush up, Rena, you let me talk. Miss Gale, will you? I'd like to hear just what this particular sort of cur can find to say for himself!"

"Guilty!" said Hall, showing the uselessness of protest. "Now go ahead!" "Have you got any face to stand there and calmly acknowledge—" Carolyn broke in. "You deliberately deceived us, then—all three!"

"Just exactly as you deceived one another!" he could not resist adding.

At that, all three broke loose together, and, for the next five minutes Hall Bonistelle faced the music. It was not only useless, but impossible, to answer them. He stood, with his arms folded, bowing and smiling sardonically.

The stiletto was Carolyn's weapon, but for Rosamund, the bludgeon. "Aha, little Jack-the-Lady-Killer, are you? Three at a shot, eh?" sang in between "You're a cad, Hall Bonistelle, you're a liar and a cheat!" Poor Rena could but feebly pinch him with reproaches; she was dissolved in her woe. So it went, spitting, pounding and blubbering—he ought to be horsewhipped, someone's father or somebody's brother should thrash him! It was an outrage and a disgrace. What if they called in the company to publish his rascality? They were glad, glad, glad he had lost his money; it was good enough for him!

It was then that Hall saw a great light. He gave a laugh that stilled them.

"Oh! The money! So that's why you were all suddenly so keen to marry me, was it? Why, I don't see how you women have the nerve to look me in the face! Why, a woman will do anything for money, then, will she? She'll cheat, and lie and cut her best friend's throat behind her back—by jove, you're the coldest-blooded set of female vampires I ever saw in my life! It's a revelation to me! So that's all you wanted, eh? That's why you all hung fire this morning, and got me into this confounded mess—oh, you wanted time! Yes, time to investigate my finances, of course—and then, when you do get wind of this devilish old legacy, then you're all after me on the gallop, like a pack of Siberian wolves—falling over one another to see who can get to the telephone first! Well, thank God I found it out in time! Thank God I'm free of all three of you, you lying, back-biting, mercenary, two-faced hypocrites! Well, it's all over, now. I advise you to train your guns on Cousin Jonas!"

There was a disagreeable pause. When the pot calls the kettle black it is uncomfortable for both. Then the three women, their rage and dis-

pointment still unappeased, swept out of the studio and left him alone. Rosamund went out, surly and lowering, Carolyn sarcastic to the last, with a bitter smile upon her lips, Mrs. Royaltan abjectly weeping, hurling her faint reproaches with a lessening might. She turned at the door to pull the ruby ring from her hand, and, with all of Flodie's abandon, if with less of Flodie's justification, tossed it at him.

He drew a long breath, and dropped into a chair. It had been a very bad five minutes; it was a relief to have it over. What next? The music still continued, but it would soon be time for his guests to be leaving. He knew he ought to go out into the other rooms and play the host—but he could not. It was impossible for him to see again the three ladies who must just now be making their scornful exit. As soon as they were out of the way, he would do his best with the others.

He knelt down on the floor and began to search for the ring.

"Are you in here, Mr. Bonistelle?" came Flodie's gentle voice at the door.

He jumped up and faced her. "Yes, Flodie."

She came in timidly and gave a glance at the clock. "Yes, it's all over; the money's gone!" he said calmly.

She nodded, smiling. "They're all making up to Jonas with all their might. By the way they talked, you must have had a pretty lively time with them." Flodie sat down demurely.

"I should say so, Flodie! Three ladies have told me tonight rather explicitly that I'm a cad. What d'you think?"

"You're not!" she cried. Flodie sat up indignantly, her eyes blazing.

He gave her a quick surprised look, and his face lighted with hope. It was the first time their eyes had met in perfect accord. It was the first real thrill.

"Then—" he hardly dared to say it—"have you forgiven me, Flo?"

"Have you forgiven me?"

"You! For what?" It was evident that she need not fear him.

Flodie cast down her eyes a moment, then raised them boldly. "For pretending."

"Pretending what?"

"Pretending that I didn't care." Flodie, suddenly embarrassed, jumped up and walked away from him. Hall made a leap for her. He caught her in his arms.

"Oh, do you care, Flodie? Do you? Do you? Even after all this?"

He kissed her ardently full on the lips.

Flodie extricated herself from his grasp. "Isn't it—of course it's very nice, Hall—it's awfully nice—but isn't it—just a little—well, premature?" She brought it out timidly, but her face showed her rapture.

He dropped his arms and stood, suddenly disconcerted, then laughed nervously. "Why, surely you ought to believe me now, Flodie! I'm right back to where I was this morning—no fortune, no prospects—just working for my living, and quite head over heels in debt."

Flodie giggled blissfully. "Do you want your eggs boiled two minutes, this morning, Mr. Bonistelle, or three?"

He smiled and shook his head. "Yes, it's all over—I'll have no millions to offer you, after all, Flodie! I'm just a poor devil of a photographer. Don't you believe me now?" he repeated emphatically.

(Continued on Monday)

AUTHOR OF MANY THRILLERS

"Dark Hollow," One of the Best Detective Tales by That Popular Writer, Anna Katharine Green.

The fame of Anna Katharine Green as a writer of detective stories is an international one, but there may be some interested admirers who do not know that in private life she is Mrs. Charles Roblis. She was born in Brooklyn almost sixty-eight years ago. In 1884 she married and her husband,



Anna Katharine Green.

for some years, was an actor in the company of Booth and other tragedians.

The author made her first well-sustained literary reputation with "The Leavenworth Case," which still stands pre-eminently among the world's best detective stories. It was staged and added new emphasis to the dramatic qualities of the author's rare storytelling ability. More than thirty publications followed, and now, after all these years of steady writing, comes "Dark Hollow," the new serial we are about to publish, every bit as baffling and exciting as were the first fruits of her tireless pen. It is a capital and engrossing mystery tale, with a new depth and seriousness that carries with it a truth that only could be felt by one whose keen observation had been measured by life values. You must be sure to read it.

A Mythical Lover

By MARTHA V. MONROE

My dear, you being my most intimate friend, I write you first of all to announce my engagement. Harry after hanging about me for two years has at last proposed. How much longer he would have continued to do so had I not by my own skillful manipulation brought him to terms I don't know. As it is, I had a hard time landing him and did so only after a number of efforts had failed.

Now, I wish to assure you, my dear, that if you have occasion to bring a man to terms, do not adopt any of the old-fashioned methods that are well known—that is, if you are playing a man who is as adept at the game as you. I tried a number of them on Harry, and he was too smart for them all. First I told him that I was intending to study the law and would make a vow of celibacy that I might be wedded only to my professional work. He laughed me to scorn; drew ironical pictures of my arguing a case before a jury; said he would like to be the judge before whom I pleaded a case, and all that.

About the time of this first failure the European war broke out, and I threatened to go abroad and take care of sick and wounded soldiers. He said he was thinking of going to France and enlisting in the Foreign legion. I didn't go as a nurse, and he didn't go as a soldier. He had met my bluff with one of his own.

Then Howard Wentworth came to town, and of all the girls here he seemed to prefer me. Taking advantage of his preference, I encouraged him, especially in presence of Harry. What did the scamp do but devote himself to Agnes Woodruff. I was frightened for fear she would get him away from me and dropped Mr. Wentworth immediately. After I had done so Harry gradually ceased to pay marked attention to Agnes, but I knew that he was still more or less devoted to her, and it worried me.

Having heard that Aunt Caroline had been in her youth skillful at the game of hearts, I confessed my failures and my anxiety to her and asked her to help me.

"The trouble with your expedients," she said to me, "is that they are too palpable. One of those you have tried is excellent, but you did not apply it in the right way. I refer to your attempt to pique your lover by accepting the attentions of another man. You should not have called in the attentions of a real admirer, but an imaginary one."

Not understanding what Aunt Carrie meant, I asked her to explain. She did so and gave me the identical method by which she brought Uncle John to terms twenty years ago. I made up my mind to try it.

My first move was to nerve myself to treat Harry with indifference for a stated period. This being a part of a general plan, I was enabled to play the part pretty well. I was careful not to overact it, in order that he might not see through what I was up to. Having apparently grown more indifferent to him for three or four months, I accepted an invitation from Elinor Trask to make her a visit. I remained away six weeks, and when I came home I talked a great deal to my intimate girl friends about a fascinating fellow I had met, or, rather had not met, during my visit, giving them the impression that I had been much taken up with him. Of course they spread a report that I was either engaged or was likely to be engaged, and it reached Harry's ears.

Nevertheless so confident was he that he could drop me and take me up when he pleased that he placed but little confidence in my preference for him having been diverted to another channel. He came to see me on my return from my visit, twitted me on having lost my heart during my absence and asked for a description of this "Adonis," as he called my mythical lover, who had been so fortunate as to win such a prize as myself. I turned the conversation upon other topics. Harry asked me to go to the theater with him the next evening. I told him so decidedly that I had a previous engagement that he did not ask for another evening.

Harry did not call again for some time. Meanwhile I was talking to my chums about the fascinating man I had met, confident that what I said would reach the man I really loved. The next time he called on me I telephoned to a florist, with whom I had left an order for flowers to be filled on call, to send them at once. Half an hour later the flowers came and were brought into the room to me where I was sitting with Harry. Pretending to be anxious about them, I opened the box containing them. Inside was a little envelope. I seized it and without opening it held it in the palm of my hand.

This was altogether too much for Harry's equanimity. He demanded to see the card of the sender, and I refused to give it to him. He turned very red, then pale, and I saw that an emotional storm was raging within him. I let him go on till he had committed himself, after which he lost all interest as to who sent the flowers, for we were engaged.

I assure you, my dear, I am very happy, and Harry says he is very happy, and, as for my mythical lover, I think it is perfectly honorable for me to have used him, for he can't be a bit disappointed.

Looking Backward.

Certainly we get sense as we grow older. Every man can remember when he wanted a revolver and a mandolin. —Pittsburgh Post.

GETTYSBURG MARKETS

Prices at the Gettysburg warehouse corrected daily by C. Milton Wolf, Jr. Successor to J. Geo. Wolf's Sons Co.

	Per Bu.
Wheat	\$1.00
Ear Corn	.....
Rye	..... .70
Oats	.....

RETAIL PRICES

	Per 100
Coarse Spring Bran	\$1.43
Coarse spring Bran	..... \$1.40
Corn and Oats Chops	..... 1.60
Shomaker Stock Food	..... 1.60
White Middlings	..... 1.80
Cotton Seed Meal	..... 1.80
Red Middlings	..... \$1.69
Baled Straw	..... .65
Timothy Hay	..... 1.00
Plaster	..... \$7.50 per ton
Cement	..... \$1.25 per bbl.
Flour	..... \$7.20
Western Flour	..... \$8.50
Wheat	..... \$1.40
Ear Corn	..... .99
Shelled Corn	..... .95
Home Oats	..... .65
Western Oats	..... .70
Badger Dairy feed	..... 1.50
New Oxford Dairy feed	..... 1.35

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that application will be made by Ed. P. Garretson, W. W. Beyer, R. H. Lupp, C. E. Radenberger, A. I. Weidner, Edward H. Sachs, D. A. Washinger, U. S. Kleinfelter, J. W. Prickett, Anthony Beardsley, A. W. Griest, Frederick E. Griest, D. N. Minnick, and W. L. Minnick to the GOVERNOR of PENNSYLVANIA, on Tuesday, the 6th day of July, 1915, at 10 o'clock, A. M., under the provisions of an act of Assembly entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved the 29th day of April, A. D., 1874 and the several supplements thereto, for a charter for an intended corporation, to be called "Adams County Fruit Packing and Distributing Company," the character and object of which is the buying, packing, selling and distributing fruit, and in connection therewith, the manufacturing, buying and selling fruit packages and orchard supplies, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges, by said Act of Assembly and supplements thereto conferred.

DONALD P. McPHERSON
Solicitor

FOR SALE

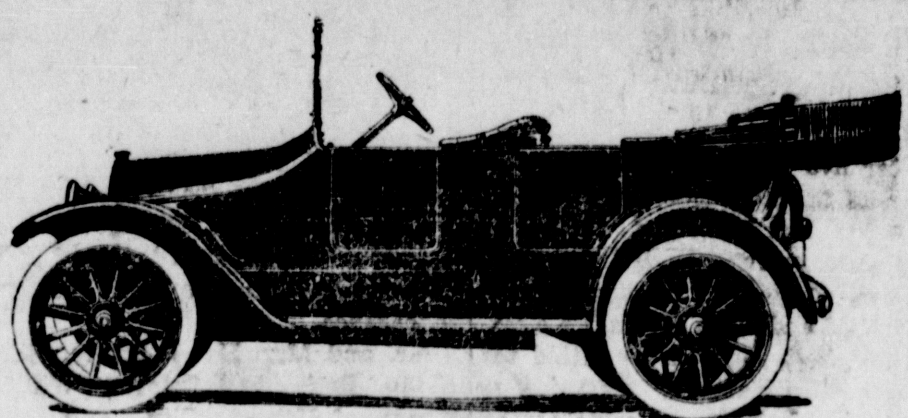
Property in Butler township about one mile south of Mummasburg. Seven Room Frame House, well of standing water at house, 20 acres of ground in good state of cultivation. PRICE \$1500.00

Apply
E. R. GLOSSER
R. 5 Gettysburg

I will be in Gettysburg at Pen Myer's Jewelry store every TUESDAY to examine eyes and fit glasses.

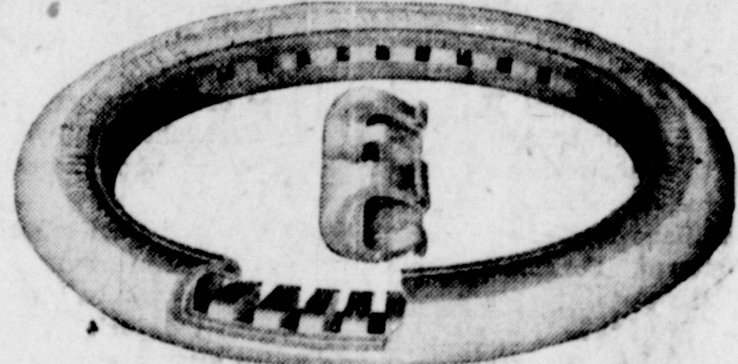
W. H. DINKLE,
Graduate of Optics

"Get the Automobile That is Fully Equipped"



Since the Carter Company of Pontiac, Mich., have stopped manufacturing, they leave the LAMBERT CAR, manufactured by the Buckeye Manufacturing Co. of Anderson, Indiana, the pier of the gearless transmission. Lambert was the original inventor of friction gear cars and has brought them to where they are, viz: the most reliable car we have. Practically all cars use friction and why should any one find fault with it?

No car comes equipped like the Lambert in the country. It has 112 inch wheel base and is equipped with



DAYTON AIRLESS TIRES which do away with all tire trouble, Electric Lights, Starter, Horn, Bumper, Pair of Chains, \$1000 Fire Insurance Policy, and Automatic Pedals which always leave the brakes on your car as soon as you stop.

This Car \$1200 delivered to your nearest R. R. station

The big cut some manufacturers are making means that much cut in quality. Labor and material are both high and are remaining so.

This is the most liberal equipment of any car in the county.

J. W. PETTIS,

Agent for Dayton Airless Tires and Lambert Automobiles
ARENDTSVILLE, PA.

MILLINERY REDUCTION

On account of closing my Store the later part of JULY and AUGUST, will close out all Hats at HALF PRICE.

—ALSO—

2 Dozen Stamped Pillow Tops on Linen Crash with Fringe and Silk to work 25 CENTS.

ELSIE SHERMAN,

131 BALTIMORE STREET

Next to Department Store

The Goods

"It is not argument or selling talk the dealers want—IT'S THE GOODS."

Such was the recent comment of a manufacturer of wide experience.

Perhaps that may explain the tendency of national advertising towards the daily newspaper.

Advertisers are seeking the goods—the delivery of their message to probable customers at the right time.

They find that nothing quite compares with newspaper advertising for this purpose.

The newspaper enters directly into the home, and it brings the national advertiser to the consumer with a local introduction.

MUST CARRY COAL CHEAPER

Commerce Commission to Lower
Anthracite Rates.

WILL BENEFIT INDEPENDENTS

Decision, Which Is Soon Expected,
Will Oppose Railroad Ownership of
Mines.

Washington, June 19.—Modification in the anthracite coal rates to tide water and the financial separation of carriers from coal companies controlled by the railroads are two of the recommendations contained in the decision of the interstate commerce commission soon to be rendered.

This decision is awaited with much interest by the railroads of Pennsylvania and those dealing in hard coal as the 5 per cent increase when the latter decision was rendered no increase was allowed in the hard coal rates, and it was intimated that the existing rates were too high.

An investigation of the rates and regulations of the common carriers governing the transportation of anthracite coal from producing fields to tidewater and official territory, was instituted by the commission on its own initiative in June, 1912. The purpose of the inquiry was not only to determine the reasonableness of the rates, but whether roads should be allowed to control mining companies.

The decision points out that the control of mining companies by carriers places the independent companies in an unfair position, inasmuch as the railroads in many instances loan the producing companies money and assist them in other ways. The rates to tidewater are held to be too high and a slight reduction will be effected.

The reduction will not be so great as to injure the revenue of the carriers, but will place the independent in a more advantageous position in regard to mining companies controlled by carriers.

It is impossible to learn just how far the decision will go toward destroying the control of producing companies by carriers. It is pointed out that the decision of the United States circuit court in the Delaware & Lackawanna company, which refused to dissolve the control of coal companies by this carrier, will prevent the commission from making anything more than a suggestion for legislative enactment.

The commission can stop the practice of the railroads of loaning money to companies whose products it carries.

The ratio of revenue from anthracite coal to the total freight revenue in this year was very large. For instance, 32 per cent of the freight revenues of the Reading came from this source. Nearly half of the revenues of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, or 49 per cent, came from coal carrying, while 46 per cent was the ratio of the New Jersey Central.

DISCUSS GERMANY AND MEXICO

Cabinet Also Considers Suppressing
Manufacture of Poisoned Bullets.

Washington, June 19.—The cabinet held a two hours' session and discussed a variety of subjects, among them the Mexican situation and the charges of espionage on official mail between the United States and Europe.

The diplomatic situation with Germany admittedly is marking time awaiting the German government's reply to the last American note.

One subject discussed was the reported manufacturing of cartridges advertised by a Cleveland concern to contain poisonous gases, to cause much pain and cause death within four hours.

LIGHTNING KILLS STOCK

Leaps to Tree From Wire Fence and
Shocks Seven Cattle.

Easton, Pa., June 19.—Six cows and a bull on the farm of George Buss, near Newburg, were killed by lightning.

The cattle had taken refuge under an apple tree. Lightning struck a tree 1500 feet away, jumped to a wire fence, followed it to a point opposite the apple tree and then darted off, plowing up the ground for forty-five feet and killing the cattle.

The cattle fell in a circle about the tree, but bore no marks of the bolt. Mrs. Buss, who had entered the field to drive the cattle into the barn, was close by, but was unharmed.

No Troops For Duponts.

Wilmington, Del., June 19.—A representative of the Dupont Powder company, being asked if the company had requested that their City Point, Va., plant be guarded by troops, said: "No, we have not asked for troops. We feel able to handle the situation without outside help."

Horse Is Most Nervous Animal.

Remember that the horse is the most nervous of all animals, and that little things annoy and irritate him. He will be contented or miserable according as you treat him.

BASE BALL SCORES

Following Is the Result of Games
Played Yesterday.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
At Philadelphia—Chicago, 11; Athletics, 4. Batteries—Faber, Schalk; Bush, Davis, Lapp, McAvoy.
At Washington—Detroit, 5; Washington, 3. Batteries—Steen, Covalleske, Stange, Boeding, Gallia, Hooper, Henry, Williams.
At St. Louis—Boston, 3; St. Louis, 1. Batteries—Foster, Cady, Thomas; Hamilton, Agnew.
New York-Cleveland not scheduled.

Standing of the Clubs.
W. L. P. C. W. L. P. C.
Chicago, 24 20 630 Washn. 23 24 429
Boston, 28 18 609 Cleveland 20 29 409
Detroit, 34 22 607 Athletic 19 33 365
N. York. 26 23 531 St. Louis 19 34 358

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Pittsburgh—Pittsburgh, 7; New York, 5. Batteries—Mamaux, Adams, Gibson; Peritt, Ritter, Meyers.
At St. Louis—St. Louis, 3; Boston, 2 (12 innings). Batteries—Doak, Snyder, Ragon, Whaling.
At Chicago-Brooklyn, wet grounds.
At Cincinnati-Philadelphia, rain.

Standing of the Clubs.
W. L. P. C. W. L. P. C.
Chicago, 28 21 571 Boston, 24 26 480
Philada. 27 22 551 Brooklyn 24 27 471
St. Louis 20 25 538 N. York. 21 25 457
Pittsburg. 24 25 489 Cincinnati 20 26 435

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

At Newark—St. Louis, 12; Newark, 2. Batteries—Davenport, Hartley, Chapman, Moseley, Brandon, Whitehouse, Rariden.
At Brooklyn—Pittsburgh, 9; Brooklyn, 4. Batteries—Hearn, Berry; Upham, Finerman, Pratt, Simon.

At Buffalo—Chicago, 8; Buffalo, 6. Batteries—Brown, Fisher; Krapp, Elmke, Marshall, Blair.
At Baltimore—Baltimore, 17; Kansas City, 10. Batteries—Bailey, Costley, Quinn, Jackitsch; Johnson, Main, Packard, Blackburn, Gingsass, Brown, Enzenroth.

Standing of the Clubs.
W. L. P. C. W. L. P. C.
Kan. City 35 21 625 Chicago, 29 27 518
St. Louis 29 21 580 Newark, 26 27 491
Pittsburg 28 24 549 Baltimore, 20 32 387
Brooklyn 28 26 519 Buffalo, 20 38 345

FLEET IN HIDING AT DARDANELLES

Allies' Warships Seek Refuge Outside Straits.

Berlin, June 19.—The correspondent at Constantinople, in a dispatch which does not show the day of its sending, says that, permitted to visit the Gallipoli peninsula, he was reliably informed that the British fleet had taken refuge from German submarines in Kefala bay, on the northeast coast of Imbros Island, distant about ten miles from the Gallipoli coast. The British ships could be seen from heights on shore at anchor in the bay.

On three different occasions, the correspondent adds, the Turks have been successful in exploding mines under the British vessels in their place of refuge.

The correspondent says further that in an inspection of the Turkish positions at Avli Burnu, on the west coast of the Gallipoli peninsula, shows that the British have now lost most of the ground formerly held in that district.

They now hold only a small crescent to the northward of Gaba Tepe, on the west coast of the peninsula near its extremity, 2800 yards long and 1100 yards wide at its broadest point. This position includes three small barren hill crests and a beach below. The British troops have little water and they are without shelter from the sun.

DENY BECKER RE-ARGUMENT

Former Police Lieutenant Loses In
Petition to Court of Appeals.

Albany, N. Y., June 19.—The court of appeals denied the application of counsel for Charles Becker, the former New York police lieutenant, for a re-argument on his decision affirming his sentence of death.

Becker, convicted of inspiring the murder of Herman Rosenthal, a gambler, now is in the Sing Sing death house, sentenced to electrocution during the week beginning July 12.

Unless Governor Whitman pardons him or the United States supreme court interferes, he must die. Little hope is expressed by Becker or his friends that the federal court will act favorably. Neither do they believe the governor, who, as district attorney, prosecuted him, will be inclined to grant clemency.

Camp Benefits For 50,000 Boys

It is estimated that fully 50,000 boys had camp experience during last summer, as a result of the leadership of the boy scout movement.

POPULAR MECHANICS

Ford Fire Protection.

Paints and enameling liquids, due to their composition, are, of course, extremely combustible, and were a fire to start in one of the large paint vats of the Ford plant it would be very difficult to put out as long as the fuel lasted. In one tank alone, that used for giving the fenders a second coat, about 1,200 gallons of enamel are kept constantly on hand. Should this inflammable liquid suddenly take fire it would be very hard to control were no provision made for emptying the vat. For this purpose a large tank has been placed underground, outside the factory wall, connected to the overhead tank by a large pipe line of sufficient size to enable the entire contents to be withdrawn in three minutes. The enameling tank is on the fourth floor and the valve in the pipe on the third floor. Therefore it is not necessary for the workman to approach the fire in order to empty the tank. A system of steam jets, easily reached, make the extinguishing of the fire, caused from the remaining enamel in the tank, a matter of only a few minutes.—The Engineering Magazine.

Homemade Fire Extinguishers.

In many situations, especially in rustic localities, an abundance of hand grenades for extinguishing fire is a very necessary precaution. Many persons who hesitate to provide themselves with sufficient store of these because of the expense will be glad to know that they can easily be manufactured at home at a trifling cost. A late number of *La Nature* gives three new inexpensive formulas for solutions which make excellent grenades when placed in mineral water bottles, which are easily broken when required.

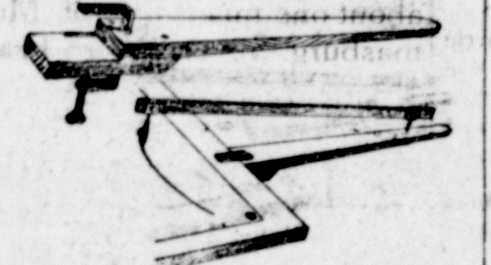
Hazard grenades are flasks containing not quite a liter of the following solution: Calcium chloride, 157 grams; magnesium chloride, 56 grams; water, 797 grams.

Howen grenades contain a scant half liter of the following solution: Marine salt, 200 grams; sal ammoniac, 90 grams; water, 710 grams.

The Schwenberg Death to Fire grenades contain a trifle less of the following mixture: Marine salt, 65 grams; solvay salt, 17 grams; water, 928 grams.

Drawing Board Extension.

All draftsmen are familiar with the trouble of removing a drawing from the board in order to draw areas whose centers are beyond the edge of the paper. This can be avoided by the use of the easily made extension shown in the illustration. Two pieces of wood and a small clamp costing a few cents are all that is required. A suitable



EXTENSION ARMS ATTACHED TO DRAWING BOARD.

width for both pieces is two inches. The upper piece, which can be made twelve inches long, should be a trifle less in thickness than the drawing board at the base so as to allow the clamp a leverage. From the end of the clamping piece to the tip both edges and under side are tapered to make it lighter and have a better appearance. A hole is bored through both pieces, after they are fastened together for the clamp to slide in easily. It will be seen that nothing projects above the drawing surface except the upper part of the clamp and that no difficulty will be experienced in drawing radius lines with a straight edge bearing on a pin stuck in the extension piece at the center of the circle.

Wasted Steam.

Ever since the introduction of electricity we have had and made free use of electrical meters, but it has only been within the past few years that reliable steam meters have been on the market, and these meters, with the accompanying coal and water weighers, have done more to demonstrate the wasteful use of steam and arouse the interest of the plant owner than anything else known. In one large plant the newly installed steam meters unearthed leaks and other waste amounting to over \$60,000 a year, and this is by no means an extreme case.—Engineering Magazine.

To Prevent Drill Catching.

The regular slope of a drill will cause the cutting edge to catch as it breaks through the metal on the opposite side of the piece being drilled. But if a twist drill is ground more flat, like a flat drill, it will not "grab" into the metal as it passes through.

The KITCHEN CUPBOARD

WAYS TO SERVE BACON.

WHEN you first tasted the much vaunted bacon of England, praised by Dickens and Thackeray and every other distinctively English writer, were you disappointed? Was it served to you white and soggy under an egg in a little crockery dish? And had you expected something crispier and sweeter and browner and brittle than the bacon served at home?

A good many persons have been disappointed in the half cooked bacon that one usually gets in England. Doubtless the English palate is disturbed by the crisp bacon we serve—and doubtless the English comment dubs this bacon overdone and flavorless. Such is the habit of appetite.

But both English and American will agree that bacon can be made or marred in the cooking, and it is rather odd that in most households bacon is served in one or at most two ways. The other ways in which it can be deliciously cooked, each bringing out some new flavor, are ignored.

When bacon is to be served with some fried dish the bacon should be dried and the other dish fried in the bacon fat. For instance, corn fritters fried in bacon fat and garnished with crisp slices of bacon, fried liver and bacon, fried tomatoes and bacon and many other combinations can be best cooked in this way.

But most American tastes prefer broiled bacon to any other sort. It must be broiled over or under a flame not too hot, and it must be broiled to just the proper state of crispness, so that it is flaky and golden brown, streaked with tender lean, but not charred at the edges and not so dry that it breaks the moment the fork touches it.

Another method of cooking bacon to just the right degree of crispness is effected by dropping it into hot, deep fat. In this, if the fat be of just the right heat, the bacon browns and curls

Easy & Practical Home Dress Making Lessons

Prepared Especially For This Newspaper
by Pictorial Review

MATERNITY DRESS WITH SURPLICE WAIST.



A new and serviceable model for a maternity dress, having its details arranged for any extensions or regulations that may be desired.

Dark blue challis may be used to excellent advantage to duplicate this maternity dress, which has a full, gathered skirt and surplice waist. The neck is V-shaped, but this may be regulated by personal preference. A skirt an extra 1/2 yard of material will resist vest and collar of organdy. The Pictorial Review Pattern No. 6278. Bust. Price, 15 cents.

generously. And liver and bacon cooked together in deep fat are thought by many to be far superior to the same articles fried or sautéed in a shallow pan. Lift the bacon out of the fat with a wire fork or a strainer, for an ordinary fork is quite likely to break it.

If the bacon is sautéed in its own fat lift it from the fat as soon as it is sufficiently browned, for bacon, like everything else, can become soaked with fat to such an extent that it is unpalatable and indigestible.

Anna Thompson.

Hedgehog Fish.

The hedgehog fish is a strange creature. It has a body covered with long thin spines. When in danger it follows the custom of the ordinary hedgehog to a certain extent, but in addition it puts its nose out of the water and swallows such a quantity of air that its body is blown out into the shape of a football, with sharply pointed spines bristling in every direction. This maneuver upsets its balance. Still it floats contentedly along on its back, quite safe against the attacks of its opponents, who are kept at bay by impenetrable armor.

The Way of the Cartoonist.

A correspondent notes our inquiry as to why a newspaper artist couldn't make a box without printing "soap" on it. He adds a few inquiries of his own, to wit: "Why can't a cartoonist draw a barber without a comb stuck in his hair?" And "Do all drunks hold themselves up by means of lamp posts?" Also, "Why does a cartoonist always depict himself as wearing a flowing black Windsor tie?"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Education Handicapped.

"How's your son getting on in college?"
"Not at all well. Every time there are two men on bases and it's his turn to bat they bench him and give a pinch hitter a chance."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

PERJURY IN COURT.

It Is Quite Common and the Rules of
Evidence Favor It.

It is a conservative axiom that in two-thirds of the cases tried in court there is positive contradiction of facts. There are few arguments made by advocates in which bias and prevarication on the part of witnesses are not charged. Deplorably immoral as well as farcical is some of the evidence adduced in many cases where experts are used on both sides to support diametrically opposed propositions.

Any judge or practicing attorney knows that seldom does a party to a suit testify against his own interests in the decisive matters affecting the rights involved. Although perjury may not necessarily and invariably be predicated on these facts, yet they must lead to the conclusion of sworn misstatements in a large proportion of cases, especially when we recall that the oath of the witness requires him not only to tell the truth and nothing but the truth, but all the truth.

In this connection it is interesting to remember that the rules of evidence at present and for centuries in the past, enforced in our courts and English courts, not only tend in spite of the plain context of the oath to prevent the telling of all, but permit a witness rather to conceal much that has some bearing in truth upon the matter at issue.

We are forced to recognize, then, that perjury prevails as a common and crying evil.—Charles J. Martell in Case and Comment.

CHURCHES TO AID BABIES.

New York State Makes June 20 "Child Welfare Sunday."

As one feature of the 1915 educational campaign for the saving of babies' lives the New York state department of health has designated Sunday, June 20, as "child welfare day." Pastors of all denominations have been asked to co-operate and are receiving from the department data upon which to base sermons.

The educational campaign of the division of child hygiene of the department of health last year brought about a decrease in the infant death rate from 137 to 112 for every thousand births.

Impartial.

Sire—Now that you're starting in business remember that honesty is the best policy. Son—I intend to give both systems a fair tryout.—Chicago News.

Very Refined.

Josh—Is she refined?
Frosh—I should say she is! She won't even read coarse print!—California Pelican.

Who Is the Mysterious Murderer of Dark Hollow?

That is the question
you will ask many
times as you follow
one baffling clue after
another through all
the elusive twistings
and turnings of our
new serial

Dark Hollow

Written with all the
skill that has made
Anna Katharine
Green one of the most
popular of American
novelists. If you love
mystery be sure to
read our coming
serial.

Get the issue with the
first installment

Disheartening.

One extremely disheartening thing about striving to impart a literary tone to the editorial page is that it encourages so many subscribers to send in original poems.—Columbus (O.) Journal.

PRIVATE SALE

I will sell at private sale my farm containing 57 ACRES MORE or LESS, situated midway between Barlow and Two Taverns. All good buildings and never failing water. Artesian well 110 feet deep—5 faucets. This farm adjoins lands of William Arendtz, E. C. Reck, Charles Swartz and Allen McGuigan.

D. F. PLANK

R. 1 GETTYSBURG, Pa.

The Singer Sewing-machine

CHAS. S. MUMPER & CO.

has taken the agency of the

SINGER SEWING-MACHINE

If you are in need of a machine see the latest styles at our store and get our prices and terms.

CHAS. S. MUMPER & CO.

Washing in Hot Weather

Don't you owe yourself the relief which the

"EASY" Vacuum Washer

can give you? Don't you want some means of cleaning and bleaching those clothes without wearing yourself out? Why not have a washer made on the right principle. Air pressure and vacuum suction that will force such torrents of water through the clothes that they can't help coming clean, and do it without the slightest injury to the most delicate fabric? Instead of these unsanitary, sudsy, soaked, wooden devices you have been using, why not have a real washer made of indestructible Rust Proof Metal, Tin Lined Copper, one that is always clean and sanitary and built for a lifetime of service?

The "EASY" comes in three gasoline models, hand and water power.

Don't let another day pass till you write for our booklet.

DAVID KNOUSS, Arendtsville Pa.

EDGEE & ZUILL'S AGENCY.

DOINGS OF THE VAN LOONS



It isn't always that Father can laugh with safety

G. W. WEAVER & SON

GETTYSBURG, PA.

SPECIAL JUNE SALE

LADIES' and MISSES' COATS UNDER PRICED

THE LAST CALL

At \$5.00

Lot No. 1—Mostly Sport Coats of Fancy Cloths. Were \$7.50 to \$12.00, Now \$5.00. Splendid styles in both cloths and cuts, and in large variety.

At \$6.75

Lot No. 2—Some in Woolltex Sport Coats for young women, in Checks and Fancy Cloths, others of Serges, Crepes, &c., in black and navy. Many are Poie de Cygne lined. Were \$10.75 to \$15.00.

At \$9.75

Lot No. 3—A splendid line of refined styles for dressy use, as also some good utility styles. Were \$12.00 and \$13.00. Colors black and navy, hardly two alike, were splendid values at regular prices.

At \$12.00

Lot No. 4—All our high grade coats that were \$16.50 and \$17.50. Rich, dressy styles, mostly "Woolltex" that are guaranteed for two seasons' wear, both as to style and quality. Among these are coats suitable for the woman of middle age or past; neat, quiet styles and colors mostly black.

At \$13.95

Lot No. 5—All our \$20.00 and \$22.50 coats, of most excellent qualities, not a very large lot but some extraordinary values.

At \$2.50 and \$5.00

AN OPPORTUNITY

Lot No. 6—Were \$10.00 to \$25.00, about 20 or 25 coats carried from last Spring, mostly three-quarter or medium length, some of Woolltex Fancy Styles, and of weight and color making them suitable and comfortable for Auto wear, where you wouldn't want to use a high priced coat for fear of ruining it. Your choice for \$2.50 and \$5.00.

We believe these prices will soon clean up these several lots as the values are extraordinary.

Chant of Loyalty

Firm as the furnace heat
Rivets the bars of steel,
True to thy destiny,
Flag, are we pledged;
One are the hearts that beat,
One is the throb we feel,
One in our loyalty,
Stand we united.

Many a folk have brought
Sinew and brawn to thee;
Many an ancient wrong
Well hast thou righted;
Here in the land we sought,
Stanchly, from sea to sea,
Here, where our hearts belong,
Stand we united.

Ask us to pay the price,
All that we have to give,
Nothing shall be denied,
All be required;
Ready for sacrifice,
Ready for thee to live,
Over the country wide,
Stand we united.

One under palm and pine,
One in the prairie sun,
One on the rock bound shore,
Liberty sighted;
All that we have is thine,
Thine, who hast made us one,
True to thee evermore,
Stand we united.

—Elias Lieberman.

ALL CHINA SWELLS ITS PATRIOTIC FUND.

From Banker to Blind Beggar, All Respond to Republic's Appeal.

By JEREMIAH W. JENKS.

Banker, beggar, bandit, captain of commerce, comrade and coolie in China all seem to be vying with one another to swell the Chinese patriotic fund.

A blind beggar wrote to the directors of the Bank of China, trustees of the fund: "I am very poor, I am ashamed how little I can give, yet my heart is grieved for China, and all I have I give." He sent \$4.62. The contribution probably represented the savings of many weary years. The bankers took his money because to refuse it would have wounded his pride.

A widow lady wrote a characteristic Chinese lady's letter. It explained how she had talked over the situation with her maids, and how they agreed with her that their lives were spent largely in pursuit of petty things, and it was better to discard ornaments of beauty if it would help them to decorate their hearts and minds. So all their trinkets and best dresses they turned into cash to add to China's patriotic fund.

A bandit wrote to a merchant whom he had robbed in other years: "I am a robber, that I know. My character is, deplorable, but I am none the less a patriot, and my heart is touched by our country's situation. Into your care I entrust the proceeds of late raids, charging you to place these at the disposal of the patriotic fund." The merchant forwarded this curious donation without deducting compensation for his previous personal loss.

In Kwangtung province, sacred in the records of Chinese freedom, lives an aged man of noble family.

"I have called before me my sons and their sons and their wives and their grandchildren and their little ones," he wrote, "and we have counted the property which we have inherited from forty-two generations of good fortune as children of China. Now we have decided that, as this property has come to us because China, our country, has been good to us, it is our duty to return it to China to help her maintain her dignity and her strength." Accompanying this letter were several title deeds and mortgages, six bags of money and much jewelry.

BOY IS WORTH TWO GIRLS.

So Jury Decides in Assessing Damages For Deaths of Twins.

In awarding \$3,000 to Edward G. Benson of North Arlington, N. J., in his suit against a milk company a jury in Hudson county court, Jersey City, decided that the value of a boy is just twice as great as the value of a girl. Benson sued the milk company for \$100,000 damages for the deaths of his three-month-old twins, a boy and a girl. He said there were potatoes in milk he bought.

After deliberating two hours the jury agreed the boy's life was worth \$2,000 and the girl's \$1,000.

QUEEN TO MAKE GAS MASKS.

Margherita of Italy Sets 2,000 Noblewomen to Work.

The Dowager Queen Margherita of Italy has become chairman of a committee of more than 2,000 women of the nobility who have undertaken the task of supplying the army with masks to ward off asphyxiation gases.

The mask has been invented by Senator Chiaracian, professor of chemistry at Bologna university.



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FOR SALE

My Breeding Pen of BUFF ORPINGTON CHICKENS at a BARGAIN.

12 HENS and COCK.
GEO. A. TAYLOR

Only 5% PLUS for the Best "Non-Skid"

PRACTICALLY all Non-Skid Tires that make serious claims to non-skid efficiency cost you 10% to 30% more than Plain Tread Tires of same brand and material.

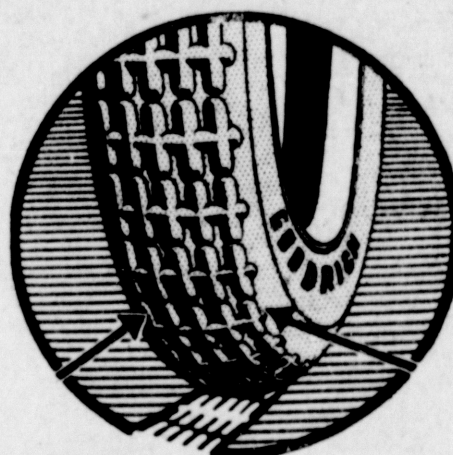
Goodrich Safety Tread Tires cost you only 5% more than our plain tread tires.

Here's how and Why!

FORTY-FIVE years of Rubber working (in what is now the World's largest Rubber Factory) has taught us a few Kinks and Short-cuts that are not common to the Trade.

One of these now comes to the help of your Pocket-book.

Through the simple process of Thinking Hard (and being Candid with ourselves) we have found a Short-Cut to make the best Safety Tread ever put on a Tire cost us only about 5% more than it costs to make the Plain-Tread of similar quality.



Goodrich Safety Tread Tires cost you only 5% more than our own or any other plain tread tires.

Size	Goodrich Safety Tread	OTHER MAKES			
		"A"	"B"	"C"	"D"
30 x 3	\$9.45	\$10.55	\$10.95	\$16.35	\$18.10
30 x 3 1/2	12.20	13.35	14.20	21.70	23.60
32 x 3 1/2	14.00	15.40	16.30	22.85	25.30
34 x 4	20.35	22.30	23.80	31.15	33.55
34 x 4 1/2	28.70	32.15	33.60	41.85	44.40
37 x 5	33.90	39.60	41.80	49.85	52.05

By testing out these Goodrich Safety-Tread Tires on a large number of Taxicabs (where they could be competitively observed and carefully checked up at the end of each day's use) and by comparing their actual performance with that of our own, and other Plain-Treads, of much higher price, we have had this fact forced upon us:

—That there is SURPRISINGLY more Mileage, in Goodrich Safety Tread Tires, than in our own, or any other, make of Plain-Tread Tires.

So MUCH more Mileage, for only 5% more Cost looked so good to us that we decided to give Car Owners the benefit.

Here's what we now offer you!

The best Non-Skid Safety Tread ever put on the market, and it costs you only 5% more than our best plain tread tire.

The B. F. Goodrich Company
AKRON, OHIO

FOR SALE

CLARK DOUBLE EXTENSION CUTAWAY HARROW.

E. L. SMITH
141 BALTIMORE STREET,
GETTYSBURG, PA.

DR. M. T. DILL DENTIST

BIGLERVILLE PA

Will be at York Springs Wednesday of Each Week.
Bendersville Friday of Each Week.

Pocketbooks : Free

With every Suit or Pair Ralston Shoes. These pocketbooks are of excellent quality. You will get your choice of either a bill fold or a coin purse.

O. H. LESTZ,

THE HOME OF GOOD CLOTHING,
Cor. Square and Carlisle St. Store open evenings.

REFRIGERATORS

This is the time to get your REFRIGERATOR or ICE CHEST. We have a very good line and the prices are right.

PORCH FURNITURE

such as Rockers, Shades and sets are in demand. Come Look Them Over

H. B. BENDER

The Homefurnisher.

Cherry Baskets FOR SALE

Just received a Car load of these baskets. Place your orders early, prices reasonable.

U. S. KLEINFELTER,

Biglerville, Pa.

WILL UNLOAD A CAR OF Jersey Peach Baskets

in the near future.

Get our prices off the car before buying.

Aspers Milling & Produce Co.

ASPERS PA.

LIGHTNING RODS

To the public: any-one wanting new lightning rods of almost any make, (cable or copper twisted) or rods repaired at reasonable prices call on either phone.

H. E. RIDDLEMOSER, McKnightstown

Also sell and install the famous Air motor wind pumps.

Wanted At Once

Horses for the government from 15 hands 1 inch to 16 hands high.

F. K. HAFER

ABBOTTSTOWN, PA

Telephone.

In Order to clear out early for FALL STOCK

I am selling all my hats at way below cost. If you want a hat call and in see. A lot of childrens' hats also.

THE NEW STORE MILLINERY

GRACE EICHOLTZ

Directly Opposite Post Office